

THE ADA EVENING NEWS

VOLUME XV. NUMBER 22

ADA, OKLAHOMA, MONDAY, APRIL 8, 1918.

TWO CENTS THE COPY.

Buy War Savings Stamps; we sell them
Store opens 7:30; closes 6 o'clock; Daylight Saving Time.



FOR SUMMER COMFORT COOPER'S KENOSHA-KLOSED-KROTCH UNION SUITS

Fine checked or plain nainsook, Athletic style and three-quarter length, at

\$1 AND \$1.50 PER SUIT

Fine quality knit Union Suits, ankle length, knee length, regulars and stouts,

\$1, \$1.50 AND \$1.75 PER SUIT

Sold only at this store in Ada. Cooper's Kenosha-Klosed-Krotch Union Suits are always comfortable—all ways.

STEVENS-WILSON CO.

ALLIES EXPECT ANOTHER DRIVE

BELIEVE GERMANS ARE MASSING FOR ATTACK ON ROAD TO AMIENS.

(By the Associated Press)
Checked at most points along the front from Arras to Coucy, north of Soissons, the Germans are nibbling at the Allied line in an effort to find a weak spot. In the Chauny-Coucy-LaFere triangle along the Oise on the southern front the French have retired to higher ground. From Arras to the Somme the British line stands as it did ten days ago. The French retain positions around the Amiens-Paris railway. Correspondents at the British front in France say signs are not wanting that the Germans are preparing for another long front attack in an endeavor to reach Amiens. The German attempt to advance on the Amiens-Roye road in Hangard region was broken up by French artillery.

British Score Small Gain.
London, April 8.—On the southern bank of the Somme the British last night made a small advance, the war office announces officially.

Artillery at Work.
Paris, April 8.—Violent artillery engagements occurred last night, especially on the left bank of the Meuse says the official report.

Intense Artillery Action.
With the British Army in France, April 8.—Intense hostile artillery work has been proceeding at various points along the British battle front this morning. The bombardment was unusually heavy north of the Scarpe river and south of the Somme. No infantry action had been reported up to 8 o'clock this morning.

Bolo Pasha Reprieved.
Paris, April 8.—It is announced that military judicial authorities granted a reprieve to Bolo Pasha, convicted of treason in acting as a German propaganda agent in France. The reprieve is based on the representation of his attorney that Bolo had revelations to make to the authorities. The reprieve's length is not given.

GOING OVER THE TOP RAPIDLY

WITH ENTHUSIASM PONTOTOC COUNTY DISTRICTS MEETING LIBERTY LOAN CALL.

The response of citizens of Pontotoc county to the Third Liberty Loan call is meeting with a hearty response from every quarter of the county. Today reports began coming in and a number of the rural school districts have already gone over the top, another has reached its quota and all are still hard at work to do even more. The people are fully awake and are going their limit.

At press time this afternoon five had reported above their quotas and it is probable that several others have done as well, but everybody is so hard at work on the campaign that some did not have time to report.

To Owl Creek belongs the distinction of being the first to report over the top. The district's assessment was \$3,000 and \$3,500 has been subscribed. Cedar Grove was next in order with a quota of \$2,500 and \$4,500 subscribed. Happyland's quota was \$3,000 and \$4,000 subscribed. Union Valley, \$3,500 assessed and \$3,800 subscribed. Pecan Grove's quota was \$4,500 and it reported over the top without saying how much. Vanoss, quota \$6,500 with \$6,750 subscribed. Tyrola reported its quota of \$2,500 was subscribed.

Dr. L. M. Overton reports that by noon Fitzhugh district had raised \$7,300 out of \$11,000 and that the Odd Fellows' lodge will vote tonight to take \$1,000.

W. W. Gaines of the Stonewall News stated that Stonewall's trade territory was assessed at \$58,00 and \$27,000 of this has been pledged already.

Committees have been busy in Ada all day and have met with gratifying success, but it has been impossible to get much of a line on the total during the day. The committees were too busy to total it up.

Liberty Loan meetings were held in most of the school houses and churches of the county Sunday. About fifty speakers went out from Ada, and many others went from the other towns in the county. Enthusiasm was running high at all places, and even some bonds were sold yesterday. The church services were turned into patriotic meetings.

SIX COUNTIES ABOVE QUOTAS SUNDAY NIGHT

Oklahoma City, April 8.—With Kingfisher in the lead, nearly doubling her quota, five other counties of Oklahoma, out of twenty-seven reporting to the state council of defense, "shelled" to victory in the third Liberty loan on the first day of the campaign. The five counties that go on the honor roll with Kingfisher are Coal, Love and Ottawa, Alfalfa and Okmulgee.

Kingfisher's quota was \$256,700, and she subscribed \$404,850. Two thousand eight hundred and thirty-seven patriots of that county participated in the loan.

Of the twenty-seven counties giving detailed reports, subscriptions totaled more than 30 per cent of the quotas, with rural districts in many counties not included.

Seagulls Locate Submarines.
Boston, April 8.—Seagulls constitute a most useful auxiliary fleet in combating the German submarines, declares Dr. Edward H. Forbush, Massachusetts state ornithologist, in a bulletin issued for children. With a vision keener than that of the human eye, he adds, the gulls detect the presence of the submarines and airmen, watching from above, signal to destroyers to come and give battle to the enemy. The gulls are effective submarine chasers, says the ornithologist, because they follow the craft in search of food.

The pheasant, Dr. Forbush reports, has developed a helpful aversion for bombing airplanes and is on guard night and day against them, for it can hear the whirr of their propellers before the noise is audible to the human ear.

Daokla Well Resumes.
The Daokla well, south of Ada, resumed drilling this morning after being shut down a few days on account of boiler trouble.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

SPRING

--is here again

And it's a new frock, a new hat and new shoes and the Lord only knows what all and then: a PHOTOGRAPH. Phone

Stall's Studio
Phone 34.

U. S. WAR SAVING AND THRIFT STAMPS FOR SALE

BONDS

—AND—

Horse Sense

When the government sells Bonds, it takes no money out of the country. What it does is ask the farmer, the manufacturer and the laborer to sell their products on time and it gives an interest bearing note in advance, until you and these other producers can make the supplies to conduct the war. The War Department can't shoot houses and lots and grain at the Germans. It asks the producers to grant it the credit first and then get busy and make the supplies it needs. Buy bonds and see Uncle Sam and yourself through. It's just plain horse sense.

Shaw's
DEPARTMENT STORE

S.M. SHAW, PROP.

PHONE 77

Established in 1902.

ADA, OKLA.

WILL WEED OUT INCOMPTETENTS

(By the Associated Press)
Washington, April 8.—The elimination from the army of medical reserve corps of all unqualified for service has been undertaken by Surgeon General Gorgas. Approximately 1,500 reserve commissions will be revoked.

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

STAY OF EXECUTION OF ISAAC HOUSTON IS ORDERED.
Oklahoma City, April 8.—The criminal court of appeals ordered a stay of execution of Isaac Houston, convicted in Cherokee County of first degree murder. An appeal was filed in the case yesterday. The execution of Houston had been set for May 1.

There will be an entertainment on Friday night of this week at the home of Miss Helen Lee, on W. 17th Street. It will be given by the Epworth league of the Methodist church and all the young people of the church will be expected to attend. Features of the entertainment will be vocal and instrumental music, recitations, games and refreshments.

HAM BRINGS LARGE SUM FOR RED CROSS

Although the Liberty Loan campaign is by no means lost sight of, Allen people are not forgetting the needs of the Red Cross. Saturday A. M. Cummings donated a 49-pound ham to the cause. It was auctioned off several times and each time the purchaser gave it back. Altogether \$555 was realized and the Red Cross still had the ham. It is to be put into sandwiches and these will be sold next Saturday and the proceeds given to the Red Cross.

BATTLE REPORTED BETWEEN MEX. FACTIONS

(By the Associated Press)
Marfa, Tex., April 8.—A Mexican federal command under Colonel Calero is reported at Mulato, opposite Redford, Texas, that a battle had been fought fifty miles south of Ojinaga between his forces and those of Jose Chavez, a Villa general. The federalists retired because of ammunition shortage. Calero reports that Villa's main command is approaching San Antonio under the command of Villa personally, according to his information.

Texas Rangers Kill Two.
Marathon, Tex., April 8.—Captain Bates, Co. F, Texas Rangers, telegraphed from San Helena that his men there killed two, wounded several and chased remainder of a Mexican band of twenty into the hills.

WINTER WHEAT CROP WILL BE SHORT

(By the Associated Press)
Washington, April 8.—The Agriculture Department in a report on winter wheat conditions on April 1 estimates the year's production at about 560,000,000 bushels. Winter wheat condition April 1 in Oklahoma is given as 63 per cent of normal. Rye production will be about 86,000,000 bushels. The government had aimed at a winter wheat crop of 672,000,000 bushels, but weather and other conditions have been adverse.

CANADIAN FLYER KILLED AT FORT WORTH, TEX.

(By the Associated Press)
Fort Worth, Tex., April 8.—Royal Flying Corps Cadet M. W. Kirwen, of Nova Scotia, was killed in an airplane accident here this afternoon, while flying alone, on the eve of his departure for Toronto.

RED CROSS CONCERT

Next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the First Methodist church, Prof. G. C. Morris will give an organ recital. He will be assisted by the Morris violin quartet and Violet Moore, reader. A free will offering will be taken for the Red Cross.

Cloudy weather is expected by the forecaster for Tuesday.

OKLAHOMA WHEAT MAKES RAPID GROWTH SINCE RAIN.
Tulsa, Okla., April 8.—Farmers in Northeastern Oklahoma report that wheat is making remarkable growth and is fully three weeks advanced over this time last year. An increased acreage was sown to oats in this belt, which also are looking fine in every locality heard from since the recent heavy rains.

We have just received a swell line of gent's furnishings. Don't fail to see them. Burk's. 4-1-3teod



THE PATH TO VICTORY

LIBERTY BONDS pave the way to VICTORY in war,—an early, complete, triumphant VICTORY. If we are to win the war abroad we must first learn to spend wisely, to abandon luxury, and invest every dollar we possibly can in the bonds which provide the materials and equipment without which the war cannot be won.

Save and Serve!
Buy Liberty Bonds

This Space Paid for and Contributed by

Gwin & Mays Drug Co.



Do You Think

"This Never Could Happen?"

That is what the farmers thought in Northern France. If we do not win the war it may happen here.

Invest in Liberty Bonds

and help end the war on the other side of the ocean, and thus protect your home, your town and your country from invasion and destruction.

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ESTABLISHED 1903

THE PEOPLE WHO PUT THE PRICE DOWN
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United States Tires are Good Tires

Tire-buying Economy

Your car must give greater service this year than ever before. It speeds up your work—increases your working power. The highest car economy lies in utmost service. The most economical tires are those which will give you greatest use of your car. That's just what United States Tires will do for you. You can depend on them for continuous service, —most mileage at lowest mileage cost. Equip with United States Tires. Our nearest Sales and Service Depot dealer will be glad to assist you in selection.

*Chain Tread

ARMY SURGEON UNSUNG HERO OF SERVICE

Somewhere in France, May 27.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press)—One of the unsung heroes of the war is the military surgeon. No man has been harder worked in the tremendous fighting of the past few weeks, and his work has been in most cases far from pleasant.

There is not the same romantic stimulus for the medical man that there is for the infantry or artillery officer. It is one thing to dash about under fire intent on killing or being killed; it is another thing to dash about under fire and take the same risks while calmly attending to those with wounds from which all other men as they pass avert their heads. "Thank God, I am not a doctor," said an officer who had been detailed to inspect a number of improvised casualty clearing stations along the front during a recent attack.

The regimental surgeon in the British army has in his charge the well-being of more than a thousand men. When there is no fighting on, he has plenty to do. He has to strike a happy medium in discouraging the faint-hearted who come to him as a means of obtaining a fortnight's rest and in holding out a helping hand to those who are in real distress. If he is too lenient, the commanding officer begins to ask whether he intends to deplete the whole regiment; if he is too harsh the junior officers and men lose patience.

The doctor is the only officer in the regiment, however, who is the fortunate possessor of a cart, but this leads to numerous complications. There are some thirty-odd officers in the regiment, and each one of them has some few trifles which must go in that cart. If he is weak enough to take them, the cart is overloaded and before long breaks down and precious medical stores have to be abandoned. If he refuses to take them his position in the officers' mess becomes well nigh unbearable.

The doctor doesn't ride, but "foot-slogs" it with his regiment through the same mud, the same wind and

rain, and the same perils. His duties are not confined to caring for the ill and injured. He must supervise the sanitation of camps and billets, insure the purity of drinking water, keep a lookout for outbreaks and epidemics, maintain a continuous campaign of inoculations and vaccinations, and fill out a long series of records and army forms. He has to do his utmost in the light of his special knowledge to maintain the health of his unit, and any remissness on his part may lead to a serious diminution in its strength.

In billets he has the added duty of playing the role of medical attendant to the villagers, as all the French doctors in the country districts have gone.

ALLEGED SLACKER SHOT WHILE RESISTING ARREST

Saturday H. C. French, an alleged army slacker, was shot in the hip by Constable Walter Goynne near Roff when he resisted arrest and is now in jail waiting to be taken back to Texas for further action. The wound was in the fleshy part of the hip and not dangerous. The shooting came as the culmination of a long chase when the man attempted to pull the officer from his horse when ordered to surrender, paying no heed to warning shots fired around his feet.

It is said that French registered in Freestone county, Texas, and left before filling out his questionnaire and has been around Lightning Ridge for sometime past. He stated that he had escaped from officers four different times before being rounded up.

About Rheumatism. Rheumatism causes more pain and suffering than any other disease, for the reason that it is the most common of all ills, and it is certainly gratifying to sufferers to know that there is a remedy that will afford relief, and make rest and sleep possible. It is called Chamberlain's Liniment.

GRADUATING CLASS OF GRAMMAR GRADES

The annual graduating exercises of the grammar grades of the city schools were held Thursday evening in the Methodist church and were largely attended. The program follows:

Invocation—Rev. C. B. James. Irving Chorus, "Sunshine"—Moore. Reading—Violet Moore. South Ward Sextet, "Violet Lady"—Redman. Glenwood Chorus, "aMybells"—Johns. Address to Class—Rev. Geo. W. Beck. Vocal Solo—Rev. W. M. Crutchfield. Presentation of diplomas—L. T. Walters. Willard Chorus, "Stars Brightly Shining"—Bronze.

The address of Rev. Geo. W. Beck was a splendid presentation of educational conditions that exists at this time. He urged those who were entering the high school to remember that the future of the country rested upon them, and that under no circumstances should they refuse to continue their education if they wished to be considered patriotic, and help make the world safe for democracy. President L. T. Walters presented the diplomas to the graduates.

The following are the names of those who received diplomas:

Eighth Grade Graduates. Irving School—Ted Davis, Aughtie Johnson, Cleo Lowery, Sarah Daggs, Amy McDaniels, Orbie Yancy. Glenwood School—Orbie Lowery, Dan Stanfield, Earl Warr, Irene Dwyer, Inez Schmidt, Jewel Floyd, Clara Jones, Mabel Eaton, Maurine Evans. Willard School—Parker Floyd, Harold Snapp, James Statler, Leo Breco, Ned Frick, Catherine Griffith, Laura Scott, Viola Harden, Inez Marsh, Vera Wallace, Alice Gowing, Geraldine Helt, Vera Graham, Susanne Holman, Etta Mae Qualls, Pauline Trippet, Dollie Fain, Effie Bennett, Oleta Montgomery, Eva Matterson, Edith Moore, Ruby Andrews, Annie Laurie Hill, May Guest, Nellie Henderson, Lucile Chapman, Thelma Tidwell.

South School—Violet Moore, Sarah Tunnell, Clara Rayburn, Gavatte Irwin, Vera Stone, Mercedes Elrod, Clarine Roach, Minnie Cox, Guy Meaders, Edgar Hunter, Sam Cox, Evelyn Brown, Celma Bolen, Dolly Gay, Esther Coker, Alma Evans, Jeanette Bobbitt, Louise Meaders, Roberta Allen, Dan Parker, Weston Cain, Charles Canning, Harvey Faust, Clarence Fischbeck, George Bowman, Frank Bird, Carl Spangler.

Barbed wire cuts, ragged wounds, collar and harness galls heal up quickly when BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is applied. It is both healing and antiseptic. Price 25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by Bart Smith.

Cane seed \$3.75 per bushel. W. C. Rollow. 5-9-4w

PUTTING TWO HUN SPIES OUT OF ACTION

(By the Associated Press) London, April 11.—German spies have been a continual source of annoyance throughout the recent British retirements in France. Many of these spies have been detected in British uniforms, presumably stolen from bodies of the slain. A British officer in a letter to the Daily Express, tells of an encounter with two such spies.

"I had been ordered to take up a position with the two guns of my section of our infantry were being forced back. I was on a crest just in front of my guns ready and waiting to open fire and observe the rounds, but the specified time had not arrived.

"On the right of me was the road along which a few minutes before I had managed to get my guns. It was packed with infantry, transport, guns, prisoners and stretcher bearers struggling along with wounded. Something or other called my attention to the signaller trying to lay out a wire from the road towards my observation post. I could hear a gibe made to them, some witticism which caused a laugh. Then someone else's guns on the left opened fire. In a few seconds I picked up the target, a blue-gray shadow advancing in apparent silence over the top of a crest two thousand yards away.

"I gave the order to join in the chorus of guns. The rounds were bursting beautifully, and I picked up the range quickly and well, but I noticed Boche shells beginning to fall on and about the road, bursting with marvelous precision.

"I glanced behind at my guns, just as a shell burst one hundred yards in rear of them and another one hundred yards in front—a beautiful 'bracket', positively uncanny, as the guns were in a splendid position and certainly could not be seen.

"I knew what that bracket meant, and longed to give the Take cover, order to my gunners but only for one moment. Our job was to carry on. So we fired away as rapidly as we could, for, after all, we do not often have the luck to shoot at moving masses of the Boches.

"A few minutes later I received the message: 'Both guns out of action, sir.' I gazed round with a jerk, and there below me, sure enough, both guns were knocked out. The Boches had begun another deliberate shoot at the other guns, and I could see at a glance he was somehow observing his rounds, and correcting them for line and range, and yet there were no Hun airplanes aloft to do it. A marvelous mystery! I determined to go to my guns and do my best to get them into action again, so off I moved, dodging around the ancient shell-holes of 1916, jumping across old German trenches.

"I had hardly gone twenty yards when I heard a buzz quite close, the buzz of a field telephone buzzer. I came up behind two men in khaki with the familiar blue and white band of the British signalling corps on their arms, evidently the men I had seen before, one gazing out towards the batteries on the left, the other buzzing. Quietly I approached. Then I grasped the situation.

"With a running jump I leaped on the instrument, yelled, and hit out with one fist under one jaw and another on the back of a square, hard head.

"'Gott in Himmel!' came from the hard-headed man and a guttural groan from the other whose jaw I had hit, who lay apparently stunned.

"Then in a moment I was kicked in the back, which sent me reeling. 'I picked myself up, to find both Boches tearing away towards the road. They had some yards' start, but I gave chase. One stumbled and fell. I made a rush, and before he could rise kicked as I never had kicked before—a regular, proper punt. That settled him, and on I went.

The other ran on when suddenly he disappeared in a cloud of smoke and a deafening roar. We had run in front of one of our batteries. Fate decreed the fate of one, but the other I had settled—with a hob-nailed boot.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Hall's Catarrh Cure has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure acts thru the Blood on the Mucous surfaces, expelling the Poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions.

After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Cure for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Cure at once and get rid of Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, Inc.

War Department Gives out Names.

Washington, May 25.—The war department today gave out the names of fifty-three members of Company B, fifty-eighth infantry, fourth division, who are missing from torpedoed British troopship Moldavia. Private Oscar Armstrong of Bridgeport, Oklahoma, and Private Virgil C. Cook, Hobart, Oklahoma, are among the missing in the list.

Do You Enjoy Life?

A man in good physical condition is almost certain to enjoy life, while the bilious and dyspeptic are dependent, do not enjoy their meals and feel miserable a good share of the time. This feeling is nearly always unnecessary. A few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to tone up the stomach, improve the digestion and regulate the bowels is all that is needed. Try it.

B. K. S. SOCIETY WINS HIGH SCHOOL DEBATE

The B. K. S. society of the High School won the decision over the S. & C. Society in the debate held Wednesday evening. The question was, Resolved that Military Preparedness Is the Surest Guarantee of Peace. The winning team was composed of Misses Sarah Tunnell and Mary Wagner. The other society was represented by John Reading and Miss Alma Mount. The decision gives the News cup to the B. K. S. society for the coming year.

Judge Orel Busby has offered an annual medal to the best individual debater. Miss Sarah Tunnell won the one for this year. This medal will doubtless prove a strong incentive for good work among the debaters.

GERMAN DISCONTINUED IN STATE NORMALS

My Dear Superintendent:

I desire to call your attention to what seems to me to be a matter of great concern to all the schools at this time. As you will know, we have discontinued the teaching of the German language in all the state schools. So far as I have been able to learn there will not be a high school in the state of Oklahoma that will teach the German language when school opens next September.

The State Board of Education has appointed a committee to examine and report on any German propaganda that may be found in any text books now in use in the schools. At our last meeting the Board accepted substitutes for the objectionable parts of the text book, The History of the Old World, with the understanding that the company take up all outstanding books now in use at even exchange.

In our school libraries it is quite possible that books and magazines have been purchased which contain chapters and stories, and possibly volumes, that can properly be construed as German propaganda. At the time these books and magazines were purchased no one suspected their purposes or the insidious methods by which the German propaganda was being imposed upon our educational system. To what extent these books and magazines have been bought, I have no way of knowing and the only way by which we can know and rid our libraries of this kind of literature is to make a careful invoice of all the libraries in the colleges and the public schools. I therefore request you to take up this matter immediately and rid your library of any magazines, text books, or any other literature bearing German propaganda.

Next fall the State Board of Education will require every teacher who draws public money to subscribe to an oath that he will uphold the constitution of the United States and the State of Oklahoma, and that he will teach patriotism. A policy of this kind will be inconsistent if we still have volumes of German propaganda stored in our libraries. All German literature should be removed, first, because it inculcates German ideals; second, because its teaching is contrary to fundamental American doctrine. Where such dangerous matter occupies only a page or two, I suggest that the pages be cut out of the book. In the case of a German book, or a German text, the entire book should be destroyed. It seems to me that all of this literature in the public and private libraries and in the school libraries of the state should be collected and that the Fourth Day of July would be a most suitable time to destroy such literature by a bonfire with proper ceremonies. Yours sincerely, R. H. WILSON, State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Get your hay ties, hay machinery, and binder twine from W. C. Rollow. 5-9-4w

33 YOUNG MEN LEAVE FOR FT. SAM HOUSTON

Another batch of young men left Wednesday evening for Fort Sam Houston, Tex. As usual in such cases hundreds of their relatives and friends were at the train to bid the boys farewell and extend best wishes. Thirty-five were scheduled to go, but two who are at other places failed to arrive. Following is the personnel of the party:

1949 Robert Gilstrap, Frisco
1936 Paul E. Harbin, Lula
1935 Charley Phillips, Allen
1930 Vernon E. Yonts, Ada
1928 Wesley Willard, Tyrora
1918 Thos. L. Hurley, Ada
1915 Joseph Cantrell, Center
1907 Robert J. Fink, Stonewall
1897 Guy Neel, Ada
1889 Lee Massey, Ada
1896 Edd Glover, Lula
1871 Austin A. Ellis, Ada
1883 Jim E. Thomasson, Ada
1860 Charlie Smith, Roff
1859 Geo. W. Adams, Allen
1849 Alfred C. Compton, Allen
1835 Ellis Turner, Vanoss
1832 Lanzo Yancey, Ada
1828 Sam Lamb, Steedman
1825 Wm. S. Bagley, Ada
1823 Willie Boen, Crawford
1808 Richard H. Crowley, Hickory
1807 Pink A. Upton, Hart
1905 Roy D. Baker, Ft. Worth, Tex
1799 Ernest Wilmoth, Roff
1798 Carl Stanfield, Ada
1795 Walter T. Brooks, Allen
1971 T. M. Cates, Ada
1962 Wm. H. Null, Okla. City
2148 Ben Nipp
2217 Claud C. Bobbitt, Ada
2284 Buck Sturll
D. C. Mathis, Horseshoe Ranch

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B. F. BATES
Office with County Clerk. Open on Mondays.

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Osteopathic Physician
Treats both acute and chronic diseases. Calls day or night. Also have installed Sulphur Vapor Baths. Consultation and Examination Free.
Phones 782 and 651
Office Over First National Bank

GOVERNMENT SALE OF INDIAN LANDS At Public Auction JUNE 13-22, 1918.

Time Payments with reduced interest rate. Tracts from 10 to 650 acres. Prices from \$1.50 per acre up. Suitable for Agriculture, Fruit Growing, Stock-Raising, Dairying, Poultry Raising. Prospective value for Oil and Gas. Correspondence solicited and any available information gladly furnished upon application to the undersigned.

GABE E. PARKER
Superintendent Five Civilized Tribes
MUSKOGEE, OKLAHOMA

We sell all kinds of

House Paint

Screen doors, Screen wire and Wall board. If you need any lumber get our prices. We have the lumber and will make the price as low as the lowest; Quality Considered

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3 Years as Building Superintendent on U. S. Post Office Buildings.
Plans and Estimates carefully and cheerfully given.

Office at A. L. Scott Lumber Company
Phone 602

DESERVES A GOLD MEDAL FOR THIS

Cincinnati Authority Tells How to Dry up Any Corn or Callus So It Lifts Right off

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn stops soreness at once and soon the corn loosens so it can be lifted out, root and all, without a bit of pain.

A quarter of an ounce of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but is sufficient to take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue or skin.

If your wife wears high heels she will be glad to know of this.

BETWEEN 400 AND 500 MEN VOLUNTEER

There has been no trouble in finding volunteers for emergency farm work among the citizens of Ada, and other towns in the county will undoubtedly do as well when called. Some 40 or 500 have signed up in Ada, pledging themselves to go any time they may be called out, and several autos are promised, but to date no call has been made. However, the committee has done some good work in an employment agency, supplying a number of farmers with regular workers. If the weather continues good, many farmers think they can get their crops worked out in a short time.

Notice by Publication.
United States of America,
State of Oklahoma—ss.
The State of Oklahoma:
To the following named Corporations:

PONTOTOC COUNTY.
Adams Brothers & Haskett,
Adams, Morgan & Haskett,
Ada Wholesale Grocery Co.,
Ada Trading Co.,
Ada Hotel Co.,
Ada Industrial Co.,
Ada Trading Co.,
Allen Townsite Co.,
Ada Prospect Mining & Investment Co.,
American Selica Co.,
Buckham Oil & Gas Co.,
Buvard Training School,
Campbell, Hutchison Co.,
Curry & Duncan, Attorneys,
Chickasha Loan & Trust Co.,
Chickasha Milling & Mining Co.,
Farmers & Merchants Gin Co., of Francis,
Farmers & Merchants Bank,
The Farmers Warehouse Co., of Stonewall,
Fitzhugh Asphalt Co.,
Fowler-Jones Drug Co.,
The Frisco Farmers Independent Gin Mill & Elevator Co.,
Farmers Asphalt Co.,
Farmers & Merchants Lumber Co.,
Farmers Union Warehouse & Cotton Yard Co.,
Frisco Mercantile Co.,
Gubin-Barack Co.,
The Kahn Wholesale Grocery Co.,
The Moose Home,
The Miller Oil Co.,
McDonald Wymore Construction Co.,
Nowata Investment Co.,
Nowata Radium & Hotel Co.,
Nowata Brick & Tile Co.,
Pontotoc Oil & Gas Co.,
Progressive Gin Co.,
Pontotoc Custom Gin Co.,
Pontotoc Brick Tile & Stone Co.,
Pinnell Brothers,
Roff Mercantile Co., of Roff,
Roff Hardware Co.,
Roff Gin Fuel & Feed Co.,
Roff Drug Co.,
Rea Mercantile Co.,
The R. and C. Oil Co.,
Stevens-Wilson Co.,
Southwestern Illuminating Oil & Gas Co.,
Sandy Oil Co.,
Tolbert, Dow A. & Co., Inc.,
West Hill Cemetery Assn.

You and each of you are hereby notified that you have been listed by the Corporation Commission for forfeiture of charter as provided by Chapter 146, Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1917; that from and after completion of this publication you are suspended and inoperative and no longer competent to transact business within the state of Oklahoma; that upon payment of all delinquent corporation license taxes and fees as provided in said Chapter 146, Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1917, you will become reinstated and revived and operative again; and that if such reinstatement is not applied for within six months from said date you will become legally dead and the records of the Secretary of State and Corporation Commission made to so indicate, all in accordance with said Chapter 146, Session Laws of Oklahoma, 1917.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused to be affixed the seal of said Commission this 20th day of May, 1918.

J. E. LOVE, Chairman.
Attest: J. H. HYDE, Secretary.
5-23-3tw

Get your hay ties, hay machinery, and binder twine from W. C. Rollow.
5-9-5tw

CURE SHIN-SALVE

THAT OLD SORE

Louis Keathley, Ada, cured a 4-year-old shin sore and T. L. Childs, Claremont, Okla., healed chronic sore on nose with SHIN-SALVE. Like many other tedious prescriptions, finding SHIN-SALVE the only one giving immediate relief. SHIN-SALVE quickly relieves "Old" Sore, Shin Ulcers, Piles, Cuts, Burns, Bruises. It must be your money back.

To introduce: Big 50c box for 25c.
GWIN & MAYS
Ada, Okla.

BOY SCOUTS

(Conducted by National Council of the Boy Scouts of America.)

"ALL OUGHT TO BE SCOUTS"

"If I had my way," says Edward Bok, "I would have every boy on his twelfth birthday become a boy scout. I know of no single idea in our modern life that has in it so many possibilities for the development of the best qualities in a boy as the scout idea.

"It has been the making of several boys that I know; it has awakened even a larger number. My own boy is a scout, and so I speak from personal experience.

"The scout idea fits into these busy days for fathers with particular force, since where the father cannot give as much attention to his boy as in normal times, or is away from home on service, the scoutmaster comes in with his steady influence in a peculiarly happy way.

"The entire fundamental structure of good citizenship lies in the idea: obedience, a respect for authority and himself, consideration for the other fellow, honor, courtesy, and a love of country. Where is there a better secular code than this to instill into a boy of thirteen?"

SCOUTS IN REAL WAR WORK.

The Boy Scouts of America is growing at the rate of 1,200 a day. A regiment of youngsters is being recorded each 24 hours at the national headquarters in New York city. There are now 353,048 of these scouts twelve years old and over.

The reason is that the government has given the boys who are scouts many real things to do to help win the war, and they have found out that as scouts they can have a definite and clearly recognized part to play in the winning of it.

While other boys are simply tossing their hats up or cheering from the "side lines," the Boy Scouts of America is being called upon by the president, the secretary of the treasury, the war department, the food administration and other branches of the government, the Red Cross, the Liberty loan committees and all factors in winning the war.

ASSEMBLY IN THE CAMP.



Scout Routine is Rigidly Observed at the Summer Gatherings.

WHAT THE BOY SCOUTS DO.

The world interest in the boy scout movement challenges the intelligent understanding of every one, and yet many people still ask "What is scouting?" and "What do boy scouts do?"

The boy scout idea is a movement rather than an organization. It aims to supplement existing organizations such as the home, church and school by engaging the boys' leisure energies in outdoor games and activities of cultural and practical value.

The aim of the scout movement is to inculcate character, which, though essential to success in life, is not taught within the school, and being largely a matter of environment is too generally left to chance, often with deplorable results. The scout movement endeavors to supply the required environment and ambitions through games and outdoor activities, which lead a boy to become a better man, a good citizen.

GOOD TURNS BY SCOUTS.

Every pound of tin used in this country is imported. By saving tin we also save cargo space. A manufacturer says that the Boy Scouts of America can patriotically save the empty tubes from tooth paste, cold cream, etc.

The scout drive in Waterbury, Conn., for books in co-operation with the Rotary club brought in 60,000 volumes. Cleaned up the town and hauled out 15 loads of rubbish is the report from Salem, Ill.

TEBEAU'S DEATH RECALLS OLD BASEBALL DAYS

St. Louis, May 21.—Baseball's old guard lost one of its staunchest warriors when Oliver P. ("Pat") Tebeau, following a protracted illness, recently shot and killed himself here. He belonged to the old school of players whose fighting spirit overshadowed their playing abilities. In his day the winning player frequently was the one with the widest vocabulary and the best umpire was the one with the hardest fist. Games in his days were sometimes merely occasions for fights and runs were made only by sturdy men who fought their way around the bases with tongue, fist and spike.

Tebeau was a product of the sandlot diamonds in St. Louis. His first professional engagement was with Jacksonville, Ill., in 1885. A year later he went to the St. Joseph, Mo., club in the Western Association, playing second base. In 1887 he was transferred to Denver in the same league and his stellar work caused him to be signed by the Chicago White Stockings of which "Cap" Anson was the manager. He played third base with club. The following year he was signed by the Minneapolis team of the Western Association and when that club disbanded he joined the Omaha club. About this time Cleveland in the National League was casting about for players and he was signed. At the end of the season of 1889 the Brotherhood revolt came and Tebeau was assigned to Cleveland in the Players' League. When the baseball war was declared off he was signed to captain the Cleveland Nationals and later was made manager and first baseman of the team. After several years of successes the franchise was moved to St. Louis in 1899 and Tebeau came here as manager of the St. Louis Nationals, but in the middle of the season next year he quit and devoted himself to business.

Tebeau's death caused his "old guard" friends here to indulge in reminiscences. Bobby Wallace, who, at the age of 42, is still with the Cardinal club as a shortstop, described Tebeau as a royal roughneck on the ball field; an unquestioned friend and an uncompromising enemy. Wallace also admits that it was Tebeau who convinced him that he was not a pitcher and set him to work as an infielder on the old Cleveland club.

"Pat was a hard loser," Wallace said. "If his club dropped a close one the veins in his neck stood out and it was well for no one to cross him. I remember one day in Philadelphia after we had lost by one run a small boy approached Pat and asked him for his glove. Every one expected to see the boy receive a severe thrashing. Instead Tebeau gave the boy his glove, then in a moment of combined pique and generosity gave the lad all the old balls he could find, another glove and finally his shoes. He explained that he might as well give them away for he was doing no good with them."

Tebeau also credited with having once put an umpire off the field. In a game with Chicago, Lynch, the umpire, called a close decision at first base. Tebeau protested and was voluble in his abuse. Lynch ordered him off the field. Pat's answer was to walk up to the umpire and stick his chin into Lynch's face.

"You get off the field yourself or you'll go to the hospital in a hurry," was Pat's edict. The umpire quickly decided that he "didn't care to umpire for a bunch of hoodlums," and left the park.

Jack Powell, veteran pitcher who is attempting a comeback with the Browns this year, tells of an occasion when Tebeau looked with superstition on a bouquet of flowers and barred floral pieces from the field.

"Cy Young had shut out Baltimore in the first game of a critical series and I blanked them in the second," says Powell. "There was a near riot after each game and the police escorted us to our hotel. On the third day a hundred police ringed around the field. Everything went fine for five innings and we were out in front 6 to 0. 'Cupid' Childs, our second baseman, lived in Baltimore and in the sixth inning was given a huge bouquet. In the same inning the Orioles pushed over eight runs. When the inning was over Tebeau grabbed the flowers and heaved them into the stands. 'Nobody on this club will ever get any flowers so long as I am boss,' he bellowed. And they never did."

Tebeau lived to see ball players who said "sir" to an umpire and teams who could win without committing assault and battery. During his time the game was cleansed, formaldehyde, uplifted and "knot-holed." His death marked the passing of the militant type of player of whom there are few left.

State of Oklahoma,
County of Pontotoc—ss.

In District Court.
No. 3354.
J. V. Stewart, Plaintiff vs. Lollie Stewart, Defendant.

Said defendant Lollie Stewart will take notice that she has been sued in the above named court upon petition for divorce and that she must answer the petition of said Plaintiff filed herein on or before the 6th day of June or said petition will be taken as confessed and judgment rendered accordingly for divorce.

Dated this April 19th, 1918.
A. R. SUGG, Court Clerk.
C. O. Barton, Attorney.
5-23-3tw

POLICE ARREST THIRTEEN

AUTOMOBILES LAST TWO NIGHTS
City authorities have been busy the last two nights in rounding up those auto drivers who insist on driving without tail lights. Wednesday evening five arrests were made and Thursday evening eight others were caught and made to appear in the mayor's court this morning. The officials seem determined to eliminate those violations of the city ordinances.

UGH! A DOSE OF NASTY CALOMEL

IT SALIVATES! IT MAKES YOU SICK AND YOU MAY LOSE A DAY'S WORK.

You're bilious, sluggish, constipated and believe you need yile, dangerous calomel to start your liver and clean your bowels.

Here's my guarantee! Ask your druggist for a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone and take a spoonful tonight. If it doesn't start your liver and straighten you right up better than calomel and without griping or making you sick I want you to go back to the store and get your money.

Take calomel today and tomorrow you will feel weak and sick and nauseated. Don't lose a day's work. Take a spoonful of harmless, vegetable Dodson's Liver Tone tonight and wake up feeling great. It's perfectly harmless, so give it to your children any time. It can't salivate, so let them eat anything afterwards.

Adv.

SERGEANT BENNETT AT STATE NORMAL

From Friday's Daily

A good crowd of citizens greeted Sergeant W. J. Bennett of the Canadian army last night at the normal auditorium. The gentleman, from an oratorical viewpoint point, was one of the best of the army speakers sent to Ada. His address was a clear and detailed account of the work of the Red Cross, interspersed with incidents of trench life which has characterized the Canadian troops since their entrance into the war.

He made a strong plea for as large a contribution to the work of the Red Cross as was possible for the people to give, and intimated that the amount asked was far less than would be necessary for us to raise should our casualty list grow, as they are sure to do, in case our soldiers are in the coming Hun push.

The address was an effective one—given by one who has seen the terrible conditions which confront our boys, and who was competent to prophesy the future.

ECZEMA!

Hunt's Salve, formerly called Hunt's Cure is guaranteed to stop and permanently cure that terrible itching. It is compounded for that purpose and your money will be promptly refunded without question if Hunt's Salve fails to cure it. Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm or any other skin disease. Use the box.

For sale locally by
GWIN & MAYS

Notice by Publication
State of Oklahoma,
County of Pontotoc.
In the District Court
Beulah Shannon, formerly Beulah Burke, Plaintiff.

vs.
C. J. Tarwater, W. A. Morris and C. W. F. Windel, Defendants.

Said defendants, C. J. Tarwater, W. A. Morris and C. W. F. Windel, will take notice that they have been sued in the above named court for the cancellation of a certain warranty deed, executed by J. B. Staggs and R. L. McMurray to C. J. Tarwater, dated July 27th, 1910, and recorded August 4th, 1910, in the office of the County Clerk of Pontotoc County, Oklahoma, in Deed Record 7 at Page 323, attempting and purporting to convey Lots Seven and Eight in Block Fifty-seven of the City of Ada, Oklahoma; and for the cancellation of a warranty deed from C. J. Tarwater to W. A. Morris, dated August 1st, 1910, and recorded in the same office in Deed Record No. 7 at page 324 and purporting to convey the same premises above described; and for a cancellation of a deed from W. A. Morris to C. W. F. Windel, dated August 3rd, 1910, and filed for record August 4th, 1910, in the same office and recorded in Deed Record 7 at page 324 and attempting and purporting to convey the same premises above described; and for the purpose of quieting title of said premises in this plaintiff and that said defendants, and each of them, must answer the petition herein filed by said plaintiff on or before the 6th day of July, 1918, or petition will be taken as true and judgment for said plaintiff for the cancellation of said deeds and the quieting of the title to said premises in said plaintiff will be rendered accordingly.

This May 17th, 1918.
A. R. SUGG, Court Clerk.
J. Rogers.

(SEAL)
J. F. McKEEL,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
5-23-4tw

Cards of Thanks.
Some readers of the News may possibly not understand that cards of thanks come under the head of paid matter. The rate is 5c per line, whether in Daily or Weekly. A cent a word is about what one will average.

SWAMP LAND LIVER PILLS

FOR COMPLAINTS OF THE SOUTH

Just what you need for that languid, achy, dizzy feeling caused by torpid liver, biliousness or malaria. Big Trial Bottle FREE. A prescription used by a well known old Tennessee physician in private and sanitarium practice, in dealing with complaints connected with liver, swampy sections, fever, etc. Try them according to directions. Money back if they fail. Swamp Land Medicine Co., Ada, Okla.

THE MIGHTY AMAZON

Special Sale of Tire Mileage

Buy your tire mileage at the lowest market price, by using Amazon Supertires!

The combination of reinforced carcass strength and a long-wearing tread of a fine grained, velvety texture is absolute assurance of mileage far in excess of the guarantee of 5000 miles!

A satisfied customer is always a permanent one, and we pride ourselves on the fact that very, very few tire users ever change from Amazon.

WHY DON'T YOU TRY ONE?

Peculiarly Adapted to Oklahoma Road Conditions
For Sale by
Sterling Motor Supply Co.
ADA, OKLAHOMA

MY IMPROVED METHOD

Of loaning money on farms is a short cut method. I make the examination of the security, prepare all the papers and keep the funds on hand at Ada to pay out on the loan. There are no long delays or red tape to bother with if you secure the loan from me. I give special attention to deals and if you are just buying the land I will prepare all the papers for the seller and buyer and help you in every way to close up your transaction properly and fairly between all parties. Call in and let's talk it over.

J. G. Witherspoon

(Examiner for Maxwell Investment Company)

FARM LOANS LAND INSURANCE
ADA, OKLAHOMA

RED CROSS NOTES.

From Saturday's Daily

Ladies, do you read the papers? Do you notice that our casualty list grows larger each day? This means that we MUST increase our output. Think of ninety thousand men going over the first ten days of May to fight for YOU. Don't you think you have a yellow streak if you don't give at least one-half day a week at the work rooms?

I love a nicely kept house, but it ceases to be a virtue at a time like this, if it requires all of your time.

I know some of you have children but try to manage as you did when you went to parties or to the Ladies aid. It is absolutely appalling to see how few women have carried this burden from the beginning.

The Elks have realized the importance of enlarging headquarters and tendered us the use of the entire front of the building, which is certainly very generous and much appreciated. I feel sure we have the most pleasant work rooms of any chapter in Oklahoma.

Mr. T. O. Cullins presented the Daily Oklahoman to the ladies at Red Cross headquarters, so you can get the news early.

Messrs. Schreiber Bros. are furnishing ice—what more could you ask?

Mrs. Jackson's recital netted \$42.30, and was very much enjoyed by those who attended.

MRS. O. SNEAD, Secretary.

All persons donating live stock to the Chapter for auction should take them to J. W. Davis.

J. M. WINTERSMITH,
Chairman.

Notice to Creditors to Present Claims
State of Oklahoma,
Pontotoc County—ss.

In the County Court in and for said County and State.

In the Matter of the Estate of George W. Chisler, deceased, Minnie B. Clark, Administratrix.

All persons having claims against George W. Chisler, deceased, are required to present the same with the necessary vouchers to the undersigned, Minnie B. Clark, at Ada, Okla., within four months of the date hereof or the same will be forever barred.

Done this May 16th, 1918.
MINNIE B. CLARK, Administratrix.
C. F. Green, Atty., for Admx.
5-23-3tw

FUNERAL OF HARRY JONES THIS MORNING.

From Thursday's Daily.

The body of Harry Jones arrived this morning accompanied by E. W. Hardin and family, Boone Jones, brother of deceased, and Rev. C. L. Brooks, who conducted the service at the cemetery.

A large number of friends of deceased and his family were at the station in autos and followed the body to its last resting place.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale

In the District Court of Pontotoc County, State of Oklahoma.

The Inter-State Mortgage Trust Company, a corporation, Plaintiff.

vs.
No. 3057.

Charles M. Chauncey, Zibba Chauncey, Merchants & Planters State Bank of Ada, Oklahoma, a corporation, Merchants & Planters National Bank of Ada, Oklahoma, a corporation, L. J. Little, Oklahoma Refining Company, a corporation, and DeHoy Salt Company, Defendants.

By virtue of an order of sale to me directed and delivered, issued out of the above court, I will on the 21st day of June, A. D. 1918, at the hour of two o'clock P. M. of said day, at the North front door of the Court House, in the City of Ada, Pontotoc County, Oklahoma, offer at public sale and sell to the highest bidder, for cash in hand all the right, title, interest, estate and equity of redemption of the plaintiff and each of said defendants in and to the real estate, situate in the County of Pontotoc and State of Oklahoma, described as follows, to-wit:

All of Lots One (1), Two (2) and Three (3) in Block One Hundred Nine (109) in the city of Ada, as shown by the official plat and survey thereof, said property to be sold to satisfy first: The costs of this action, taxed at \$21.56 and Clerk's accruing costs \$3.00. Second: Plaintiff's judgment in the sum of \$824.00, together with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the 1st day of August, 1917, and the further sum of \$80.00 as plaintiff's attorney fee; Third: The judgment in favor of the defendant, Merchants & Planters National Bank of Ada, Oklahoma, in the sum of \$650.00, together with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 1st day of November, 1916, and the further sum of \$65.00 attorney fee and all costs; Fourth: That the balance, if any, be paid to the Clerk of the above court and applied as the law may direct, said property to be sold without appraisal, as commanded by said order of sale.

BOB DUNCAN,
Sheriff of Pontotoc County, Oklahoma.
Dated Sheriff's office, May 14, 1918.
C. F. Green and W. A. Disch,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.
5-16-6tw

MILK LEG RELIEVED

Mrs. R. P. Chrisman of Paducah, Texas, says that she has suffered from an ulcer caused by milk leg. She says that "shin salve" is the only remedy that has ever relieved her. "Shin-Salve" has shown some wonderful cures of Sores, Ulcers, Burns and Eczema. Ask Judge James E. Webb of Ada, Oklahoma, what he thinks of "Shin-Salve."

25c a box and guaranteed.
GWIN & MAYS DRUG CO.
Ada, Oklahoma

LEMON JUICE IS FRECKLE REMOVER

Girls! Make this cheap beauty lotion to clear and whiten your skin.

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! it is harmless.

SMALL BOY PUTS ONE OVER GENERAL WOLF

Gamesburg, Ill., May 23.—Brigadier General Paul Wolf, commander of the first two camps at Plattsburg and now in more active service, is one of the strictest disciplinarians in the army. When he says "do this" grown men jump to do it; when he orders "don't do that," "That" is not done. But Gen. Wolf is ready to admit that he doesn't know all there is to know about discipline.

A 9-year-old American boy bested the brigadier. They met on a railroad train recently. The general was on his way from Camp Logan, Houston, Texas, to his home city. The boy was in command of the coach when General Wolf entered. He was making more noise than all the other passengers and the train put together. His mother could not make him behave.

General Wolf decided that the boy should be disciplined. He tried it. The 9-year-old was willing to listen but was not a bit impressed. He was friendly. He romped all over the officer. Pointing to his very, very fat mother, and then to their single berth, confided to the general: "See what I am up against tonight."

General Wolf was shocked at the lad's disrespect for his mother but he sympathized with him after a glance at the narrow bed. Every place in the Pullman was taken. "You can sleep with me," he told the boy and he practiced disciplinary measures with his result.

The boy amused himself by hitting over the head with the general's slippers everybody who walked through the aisles.

Escaped in his "nightie" and galloped through the car yelling like an Apache Indian.

Peeked into a half dozen berths, howling with delight as the occupants screamed.

Climbed into bed with one of the general's aides and woke him by shoving his cold feet into the soldier's back.

Tossed a cupful of ice water on his sleeping mother.

Mixed up the shoes the porter was shining.

Explored the general's traveling bag, pinning on himself various medals and army insignia.

Finally he crawled back into bed with the general and went to sleep.

General Wolf was glad to get off at Galesburg.

He is a strong advocate of universal military training, provided "you don't have to take 'em too young."

90,000 SOLDIERS PER WEEK GOING TO EUROPE

Washington, May 23.—In a statement inserted in the House record today Representative Caldwell of New York, a member of the Military Committee, declared that during the first ten days of May 90,000 American soldiers were sent abroad, and said that after the expiration of one year from the arrival of the first shipment of troops from this country the United States would have one million men in France, equipped with the necessary arms and supplies.

When a request was made for a small expeditionary force from this country, critics of the administration Mr. Caldwell said, declared it would be impossible to ship from 50,000 to 100,000 men in the first year of the war.

Get your hay ties, hay machinery, and binder twine from W. C. Rollow. 5-9-5tw

ANNOUNCEMENTS

DISTRICT AND COUNTY
The News is authorized to announce the following gentlemen as candidates for the respective offices named, subject to the Democratic Primary:

For District Judge:
ARDEN L. BULLOCK.
For County Attorney:
WAYNE WADLINGTON.
For County Treasurer:
D. W. SWAFFAR.
For Sheriff:
BOB PUNGAN (Re-election)
For County Tax Assessor:
NICK HEARD (Re-election)
For County Clerk:
MILTON GARNER
For County Weigher:
O. J. LEE (Re-election).
JOHN WARD
For County Judge:
OREL BUSBY (Re-election)
J. O. COWART
For Representative:
O. W. Taylor
For County Superintendent:
A. FLOYD (Re-election)
For Co. Commissioner, 1st District:
W. H. BRUMLEY (Re-Elec.)
For County Commissioner (2nd Dist.)
R. L. MOSS
J. I. LAUGHLIN
W. B. SELPRIDGE
For Commissioner 3rd District:
HENRY F. BIBB
W. H. BRENTS (Re-election)

COMMERCIAL REGIMENT FOR CHINA PROPOSED

Peking, April 20.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—A commercial regiment for China, composed of young American business men subject to war service, who, while serving their country will at the same time form the skirmish line of an American commercial army to invade China after the war, is one of the possibilities if recommendations of the American Minister Dr. Paul S. Reinsch, to the War and State Departments at Washington are heeded.

The idea of a commercial regiment originated with Major Arthur Bassett of the United States army, stationed in Tientsin. His plan was suggested to Minister Reinsch and by the latter submitted to Washington for consideration.

"The idea," said Major Bassett, "is, briefly, to take young men with business experience or who expect to follow a business career who are drafted into the army and instead of sending them to France organize them into a special regiment and send them to China. These men could get their military training here just as thoroughly as elsewhere and at the same time acquire a grounding in Eastern commercial methods. The would relieve troops now stationed here who would be available for service on the western front."

"The North China School of Languages, which is already doing good work in teaching the northern or Mandarin Chinese has tentatively promised to open a branch of the school in Tientsin to each American troops as it has suggested. At the same time arrangements could easily be made for a course of instruction in Chinese commercial methods and business opportunities. With a knowledge of the language and with facilities for observation which could be assured, each man at the close of the war would become a factor for the promoting of American trade in China."

"In the past trading has been done from the treaty ports whence the Chinese took the goods into the interior and marketed them. The Japanese, however, have more or less broken away from this practice; they have penetrated into the interior and have made it necessary for the old method of confining operations to treaty ports to be done away. If Western nations are to compete for this Chinese business, a large number of young business men who can speak the language and know the customs and practices of the people will be indispensable. They must be able to go into the interior and market their goods direct."

"In order to accomplish this the old trade regulations which have been in force in the past will have to be modified so that as to permit foreigners to trade more freely in the interior. There must be co-operation among western powers to get the Chinese to agree to this modification. This is the only way we shall ever be able to compete on an equal basis. After such modification has been accomplished, it will be up to the individual. My idea is to have young trained men on the ground capable of getting the business."

"There are really great commercial opportunities here in China, and it looks as though this would be the commercial battle ground after the war. If they are to hold their own in this contest, Western nations must prepare now for the struggle."

COURT UPHOLDS TEXAS 10-MILE ZONE LAW

Austin, Tex., May 23.—In a majority opinion by Judge W. C. Morrow, the Court of Criminal Appeals today sustained the validity of the ten-mile zone law passed at the special session of the legislature. Presiding Judge Davidson dissented and filed an opinion giving his reasons in disagreeing with the majority and viewing the law as unconstitutional. By order of the majority, the habeas corpus application of the relator, G. H. Hollingsworth, is dismissed. No reference is made in the Morrow opinion to the state-wide dry law.

FOR CHILLS
We guarantee Rexall CHILL BREAKER TO ACTUALLY Break Up the Chills For Chills, Fever and Malarial Disorders. Don't be misled. There's Nothing that can be substituted for Rexall Chill Breaker. 50c Guaranteed or money refunded if not benefited.
GWIN MAYS DRUG CO.
The Rexall Store—Ada.

5% Discount

ON

Round Trip Tickets

30 DAY LIMIT



—hourly schedules

Between
Denison, Sherman, Dallas, Hillsboro, Waco, Ennis and Corsicana.

Ask any Agent!

Keep Well

Do not allow the poisons of undigested food to accumulate in your bowels, where they are absorbed into your system. Indigestion, constipation, headache, bad blood, and numerous other troubles are bound to follow. Keep your system clean, as thousands of others do, by taking an occasional dose of the old, reliable, vegetable, family liver medicine.

Thedford's

Black-Draught

Mrs. W. F. Pickle, of Rising Fawn, Ga., writes: "We have used Thedford's Black-Draught as a family medicine. My mother-in-law could not take calomel as it seemed too strong for her, so she used Black-Draught as a mild laxative and liver regulator. We use it in the family and believe it is the best medicine for the liver made." Try it. Insist on the genuine Thedford's. 25c a package. E-75

MURRAY SPEAKS ON WAR PROBLEMS

Former Congressman Murray addressed a large crowd on the streets of Ada Wednesday evening. His subject was Preparedness, or Winning the War, and he dwelt at length on the matter of food production and conservation as a means of supplying the allies and American troops with means of crushing the Teutonic menace to civilization. The Red Cross and the necessity of supporting the Liberty Loans also came in for attention. These things, he declared, will do more towards winning the war than will the military power in the field, for this can do nothing without the solid backing of the people who stand behind the troops with a steady stream of supplies.

He referred to his candidacy for governor only once. At the end of his address he stated that winning the war is the only plank in his platform.

For a Sprained Ankle.
As soon as possible after the injury is received get a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and follow the plain printed directions which accompany the bottle.

STATE SUBSCRIBED

\$35,939,650 TO LOAN
Oklahoma City, May 23.—Official figures on Oklahoma's subscription to the third Liberty loan were received today by Chester H. Westfall, director of the speakers bureau for the state campaign, and announced by him in a letter of thanks he sent to all who had spoken during the campaign in this state.

"Every county in Oklahoma subscribed its full quota," reads the letter. "The total for the state was \$35,939,650. Its quota was \$29,033,200.00."

Growing Hogs.
For a hog to be profitable he must be kept growing from birth to marketing age. He cannot be profitable unless he is healthy. He can always be in a profit-producing condition if he is fed B. A. Thomas' Hog Powder. We positively tell you that this remedy prevents cholera, removes worms and cures thumps. If the powder does not make good, we will. Agnew Milling Co., Ada, Oklahoma.

VOLUNTEERS TO AID FOOD ADMINISTRATION

Oklahoma City, May 23.—A census of volunteer workers for the Food Administration from among fourteen Oklahoma Colleges is being taken by Mrs. C. L. Henley of Oklahoma City.

Mrs. Henley recently was appointed State Secretary of College volunteer workers on the staff of C. B. Ames, state food administrator. She expects to list and classify all of the volunteer college women, particularly those interested in Home Economics.

The list of suggested services for which Mrs. Henley will enroll volunteers includes assistants to local food administrators; organizers of local food clubs; assistants to demonstrators for local food clubs, clerical help both for the food clubs and county food administrators; lecturers, teachers and publicists for the dissemination of tested recipes, particularly those designed to save staple foods; library assistants, organizers and miscellaneous work.

The census will include the name of the student, address, school experience, practical experience, the course of study, training or experience as public speaker and worker, and amount of time available for the work.

Mrs. Henley will start with a handicap of a limited time in which to organize her work. She expects, however, to be able to accomplish considerable in time to make it of value during the food production and preserving season of 1918.

Get your hay ties, hay machinery, and binder twine from W. C. Rollow. 5-9-5tw

ARRESTS TO BE MADE IN AMERICA

(By the Associated Press)
Washington, May 25.—More evidence than that disclosed in the British official statement concerning close connection between Irish Sinn Fein and German influences is in the hands of British and American governments, it was stated officially today. Arrests are to be made soon in this country and possibly additional arrests in Ireland.

CLOSER RELATIONS BETWEEN ARGENTINA AND CHILE

(By the Associated Press)
Buenos Aires, April 12.—The people of Argentina and Chile appear to have been drawn much closer together than they were as a result of Argentina's action in sending a special embassy to Chile, under the leadership of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, to take part in Chile's celebration of the centennial of the Battle of Maipú, in which the Argentine army helped Chile to so effectively defeat the Spaniards that the independence of Chile was assured.

Dr. Pueyrredon, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, has just returned from his mission to Chile and is enthusiastic over the reception accorded the Argentines and especially so over the interest which Chilean authorities have taken in proposals for bringing the two countries closer together sympathetically by means of closer commercial relations and by the interchange of university professors and students.

Just as he was leaving Chile, Dr. Pueyrredon told Chilean newspaper men that he had been greatly pleased to find that there existed in Chile a friendly attitude toward the Argentine proposition that commercial interchange be arranged according to zones, so that northern, central and southern Argentina might trade directly with northern, central and southern Chile, without hampering trade by the present customs regulations which confined it to the regular trade routes. Such a commercial arrangement, he said, would be of inestimable value to both countries.

He also said that upon his return to Buenos Aires he would begin work with the view of establishing currents of intellectual relations between the two countries by the exchange of professors and students.

"The people of the two countries," he said, "understand each other. It remains for statesmen to find a way of bringing them closer together."

There are no indications that any effort is being made by Argentina looking to a closer political union with Chile than already exists, although dispatches from the United States indicate that such an impression has gained footing there, probably as a result of undue importance being given to the statements of Dr. Pueyrredon, who spoke only of a closer understanding between the people and carefully avoided all reference to the governments.

Argentina is the "big brother" whose friendship and support is being constantly sought by both Brazil and Chile; for either of them, with the assistance of Argentina could control South America. Without Argentina's support it is believed almost any combination of republics would fail.

Brazil pretends to see political significance in the sending of a special embassy to the celebration. It is true that President Irigoyen has made a steady and determined effort to bring about a union of the Spanish speaking South American republics ever since he has been in power, but he has met with little success and even those who charged him with attempting secret unions with Chile and Bolivia a few months ago, agree that in the present instance, the only union that is hoped for from Chile is a closer commercial union and a better understanding and closer sympathy between the people of the two republics.

No. 1128 PUBLISHER'S REPORT of the Condition of the FIRST STATE BANK

Vanoss, Oklahoma, May 10, 1918

RESOURCES
Loans and Discounts ----- \$71,058.68
Stocks, Bonds, Warrants, etc. ----- 1,973.07
Banking House ----- 1,500.00
Furniture and Fixtures ----- 1,727.30
Other Real Estate Owned ----- 718.00
Due from Banks ----- 10,416.82
Checks and Other Cash Items ----- 483.64
Cash in Bank ----- 3,041.78
TOTAL ----- \$90,919.29

LIABILITIES
Capital Stock Paid in ----- \$10,000.00
Surplus Fund ----- 5,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes Paid ----- 1,283.23
Reserved for Taxes ----- 358.23
Individual Deposits Subject to Check ----- 53,197.46
Demand Certificates of Deposit ----- 11,827.59
Cashier's Checks Outstanding ----- 1,252.78
Notes and Bills Rediscounted ----- 3,000.00
Bills Payable ----- 5,000.00
TOTAL ----- \$90,919.29

State of Oklahoma, County of Pontotoc—ss: I, J. I. McCauley, Cashier of the above named Bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief so help me God.

J. I. McCAULEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of May, 1918.

CHAS. L. BERGER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest
J. B. McCAULEY
HELEN M. McCAULEY,
Directors.

RULINGS BY FOOD ADMINISTRATION

**IN REPLY TO SOME QUESTIONS
ASKED THE FOOD ADMINISTRATION.**

To Retail Merchants and School District Food Administrators:
Flour

A new system on the sale of flour, in Pontotoc County, went into effect on May 20th, and you have been advised of this. I have had a number of inquiries, however, as to whether or not substitutes should be sold with flour. The rule as to the sale of substitutes is not changed, and every purchase of flour should be accompanied, as heretofore, with the purchase of substitutes, unless Miller's Certificate is furnished showing meal on hand, in which case you can have purchaser sign substitute blank.

Baking of Pies.
The Food Administration does not discourage the baking of pies, but does ask that pie crust be made, largely, of wheat flour substitutes. The promiscuous baking of cake where wheat flour altogether is used, should be discouraged. Very few cakes should be baked unless substitutes can be used for the wheat flour.

Ice Cream
The Food Administration does not discourage the making of Ice Cream, as ice cream is a food in itself, and is important in view of its relation to the milk industry.

Poultry Rule.
The rule prohibiting the killing of hens was terminated on April 20th. The Food Administration earnestly encourages the consumption of poultry, eggs and vegetables instead of beef and pork.

Some Canning.
The Food Administration encourages home canning in order that perishable food may be saved this summer to be eaten in the place of meats next winter.

Conservation of Meat
Meatless days have heretofore been suspended but the Food Administration desires rigid economy in the consumption of all kinds of meat without, however, re-establishing meatless days for the present. We are now shipping to our Allies about seventy-five million pounds of meat per week against pre-war normal of less than fifteen million pounds. Even then the Allies have found it necessary to reduce the consumption of all kinds of meat and poultry to an average of one and one-quarter pounds per person per week. Our consumption of meat in the United States is about three and one quarter pounds per person per week. Hence the necessity of further economy.

Shipment of Perishables
Perishables are at shipper's risk if sold f. o. b. delivery point, but at risk of consignee, the Food Administration is interested only from the point of view of preventing waste, and will interfere to prevent waste.

New Business
The Food Administration does not wish to encourage new confectionery enterprises, or any new enterprises requiring sugar.

Rule Governing Sale of Eggs.
The Law Department rules that in no case shall a dealer sell fresh eggs to any dealer in a class further removed from the consumer than the class in which the seller is included. For example, a jobber shall not sell to a wholesaler or a retailer to a wholesaler. A retail merchant in the country who buys eggs from a farmer or takes eggs in trade is not considered a retailer of eggs. He occupies the position more like that of an original packer or shipper and may sell to any one he pleases.

Binder Twine.
The Sisal and Jute Divisions of the Food Administration in order to insure an adequate supply of binder twine to meet the 1918 harvest requirements, has revised the margins of profits to be received by retail dealers in this commodity. Farmers are earnestly urged to place their orders for probable requirements of binder twine as soon as possible to the end that local dealers may provide for early shipment. Shipping conditions are such that more time must be allowed from factory to local distributing points than usual in order to avoid danger of supplies.

I might add that I have been reliably informed that Binder Twine may be purchased from the Warden of the State Penitentiary at McAlester at a very reasonable price.

License.
Persons engaged in the following business must procure license:

Importers, manufacturers or distributors of cotton seed hulls and owners of elevators, warehouses or other places for storage of cotton seed hulls. Ginners, buyers, agents, dealers or other handlers of cotton seed not already licensed by the food administration, who handle yearly between September 1st and August 30th more than twenty tons of cotton seed.

I wish you would give full publicity to any items in this bulletin which will be of local interest in your particular locality.

Yours truly,
OREL BUSBY,
Federal Food Administrator for Pontotoc County.

ALLIED AIRMAN EQUIPPED WITH NEW CAMERA

London, May 25.—A new "multiple camera" with which allied observers can take thousands of photographs at the rate of one per second necessary. In this way it is possible to may the German lines with precision. Each camera is capable of 750 exposures with a single loading. The turning of the film for the new exposure is accomplished automatically.

Get your hay ties, hay machinery, and binder twine from W. C. Rollow. 5-9-5tw

Try This on Your Eczema

If you are afflicted with any form of dry eczema or pimples, use the soothing, healing ointment, Dry Zensal. For the watery eruptions, Moist Zensal is the only sure treatment. 75c a jar.

GWIN & MAYS

MORE ARRESTS OF AUTOMOBILE DRIVERS

The police, last night, made five arrests for violations of automobile ordinances—four for failure to have tail lights. Probably all who were arrested will pay fines. Mayor Conger stated this morning that it was his intention to strictly enforce the law relative to automobile ordinance violations, but hoped owners would make an effort to comply with the law.

AVIATORS SHELL PAREE; GERMANS FLY IN ECSTASY.

(By the Associated Press)
Paris, May 23.—German aviators attacked Paris last night, this time succeeding in reaching the city. Bombs were dropped at various places, according to the official statement.

H. R. SNYDER'S BANK ROBBED BY YEGGMEN.

In a personal letter H. R. Snyder writes that his bank, the First National of Petersburg, Ind., was burglarized a few nights ago, the safe blowers getting away with \$3,900. They failed to get into the strong box where the bulk of the cash was held, however.

Cause of Headache
By knowing the cause, a disease may often be avoided. This is particularly true of headache. The most common cause of headache is a disordered stomach or constipation, which may be corrected by taking a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets. Try it. Many others have obtained permanent relief by taking these Tablets. They are easy to take and mild and gentle in effect.

LLOYD WADDELL MAKES BIG PROFIT IN PIGS

Lloyd Waddell, a member of the Boys Pig Club of Roff, has a record of profit in the management and sale of his stock that will be hard to beat. Some months ago he purchased a Duroc-Jersey gilt for \$58. He has sold \$135 worth of pigs and has \$200 worth left. Recently he purchased another gilt paying \$100. He has followed, carefully, instructions in the care and feeding of his stock and is an enthusiastic exponent of scientific feeding.

No. 589 PUBLISHER'S REPORT of the Condition of The Farmers State Bank of Fitzhugh, Oklahoma May 10, 1918.

RESOURCES
Loans and Discounts ----- \$35,719.02
Stocks, Bonds, Warrants, etc. (Liberty Bonds) ----- 6,000.00
Banking House ----- 1,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures ----- 780.00
Due from Banks ----- 5,907.59
Cash in Bank ----- 1,112.84

TOTAL ----- \$50,519.45

LIABILITIES
Capital Stock Paid in ----- \$10,000.00
Surplus Fund ----- 3,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes ----- 1,240.65
Reserved for Taxes ----- 145.92
Due to Banks ----- 303.01
Individual Deposits Subject to check ----- 35,023.19
Time Certificates of Deposit ----- 500.00
Cashier's Checks Outstanding ----- 306.68

TOTAL ----- \$50,519.45

State of Oklahoma, County of Pontotoc, SS: I, J. B. Edwards, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief, so help me God.

J. B. EDWARDS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 16th day of May, 1918.

I, J. MORGAN, Notary Public

Correct—Attest
M. D. TIMBERLAKE,
N. B. HANEY Jr., Directors

5-21-2td

For Sale.
Pure Bred Duroc Jersey Swine, 10 weeks old pigs sired by big type boars of up to date breeding and out of sows of equal breeding. Price \$20.00 each.—J. M. Zimpel, Sterling, Okla.

WE MAKE FARM AND CITY LOANS

LOW RATES
PAY QUICK
SQUARE DEAL

FARMERS STATE BANK

ADA, OKLA.

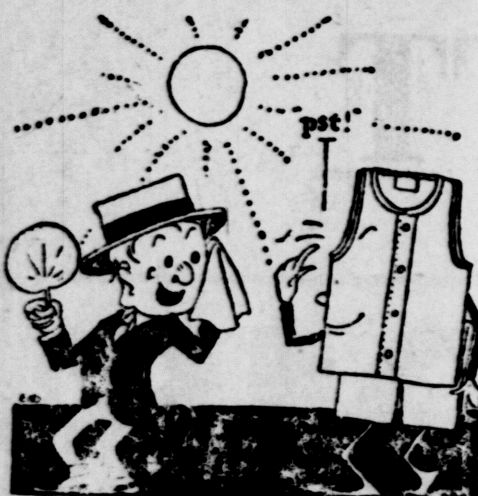
It's Straw Hat Time



And we're here with the goods; Panamas, Leg-horns, Bankoks, Senits, Madagascars in a large number of good shapes.

Prices \$1.50 to \$10

Cool Comfortable Union Suits



That make you fairly laugh at the heat. Made by Cooper; cannot bind, chafe or rub; ankle, knee and three-quarter length. Made of nain-sook, crepe and knit fabrics. Prices \$1 to \$2

STEVENS-WILSON CO.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS

From Thursday's Daily.

Judge J. W. Bolen and Blaine Gilbreath left this afternoon for Wewoka, where a habeas corpus trial is set for hearing.

Benedum & Trees well No. 2, near Francis was put under the pump Wednesday and it is reported that fourteen barrels. An official and complete test will be made today.

D. R. Robb states that nine running horses are already at the county fair ground and that four more are expected by the middle of next week. As soon as the track can be put into proper condition some good races will be pulled off.

Mrs. T. W. Brydia and little daughter left this afternoon for Weatherford, Oklahoma, where they will attend the graduating exercises of the normal where Miss Daisy Whipple, sister of the first named, graduates.

Supt. J. R. Small of Washington, Okla., came in this morning to begin his work at the normal. Supt. Small will teach in the history department of the Normal during the summer term.

A wire from Floyd Haynes and Jim Keltner, who have been attending the Meridian College, Meridian, Miss., states that they have accepted positions with the government near Nashville, Tennessee. It is presumed that they are in a munitions factory.

Mrs. John Threadgill who arrived here last evening left this morning for Madill where she will fill an engagement this afternoon. This morning a number of ladies was called informally at Mrs. Tom Hope's to meet Mrs. Threadgill. She will return to Ada and give an address at the Christian church next Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Chairman Frick and his committee were around the streets today signing up volunteers for farm work and were highly pleased with the ready response by the citizens of all classes. The people are fully alive to the urgency of the situation and a great deal of work will be done by Ada citizens in the fields during the next month or two. There will be some blistered hands and aching backs, but it is all a part of the work of winning the war and it will be done cheerfully. Most of the workers will receive enough benefit physically to pay them several times over for their blisters and aches.

From Friday's Daily

Dr. C. A. Calvert and wife of Bokchito are visiting Miles C. Grigsby and family.

J. O. Abney and A. R. Sugg returned Thursday evening from a business trip to Oklahoma City.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Simpson and Mrs. Paul Alderson departed Thursday for a brief sojourn at Mineral Wells, Texas.

F. C. Krieger and son Frank, returned Wednesday from Mountain Air, N. M., owing to the serious illness of Mrs. Krieger.

Mrs. W. L. Menefee, nee Clytie Young and a graduate of the normal, was in the city Thursday evening en route to Ahloso where she will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Young.

G. T. Bean, county treasurer of Seminole county, was in the city yesterday. He stated that he was recently sent out to make a Red Cross speech in a negro community, with a quota of \$85. After Mr. Bean concluded his address the negroes raised a total of \$357 before the meeting adjourned.

D. W. Swaffer, who recently was operated on for appendicitis, is rapidly recovering and expects to be out in the next week.

The Senior class of the high school spent yesterday at Byrd's Mill. It was the annual outing event. All report an enjoyable day.

Rev. C. B. James, who has been attending the state meeting of the Christian church at Ardmore, returned today. He reports a splendid meeting.

Mrs. E. C. Warren and granddaughter Francis Lee left yesterday for a visit to Buffalo, Wyo. On their return they will spend a few days in Kansas City.

Quite a number of friends of Harry Jones came down from Wewoka Thursday evening to attend the funeral. The obsequies were held several hours prior to their arrival.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Harden and sons Glen and Clifford, who were in attendance at the funeral of Harry Jones, returned to their home in Oklahoma City Thursday afternoon.

Supt. G. E. Meador, who finished out the year of Prof. Glenn Clark, and who will teach in the Normal during the coming summer term, will move his family from Seminole to this city.

Col. J. W. Davis, who has charge of selling the balance of the stock of the Pontotoc Fair Association reports that he is meeting with success and that in a few days he will have disposed of all the stock.

A score or more of students of the Oklahoma School for the Deaf were in the city Thursday en route to their homes in this section. The institution at Sulphur has just closed one of the most successful years in the history of the school.

Sam H. Hargis who lives at 115 East Fifteenth street, sold Thursday twelve cabbage heads weighing 36 pounds. They were grown in his garden and cultivated by him. All goes to show what can be done by intensive cultivation.

Captain and Mrs. W. L. Roddie departed Friday for a visit with their son, Bostick, at Love aviation field near Dallas. The Captain will return Tuesday to resume his duties at the normal while Mrs. Roddie will visit several days with her son Hume M. Roddie, at Brady, Texas.

Supt. J. T. Butcher of Pauls Valley came in Thursday to assume his duties as instructor in American literature in the normal. He is recognized as one of the able school men of Eastern Oklahoma. He has taken

en a prominent part in Red Cross and other war activities in Garvin county. He is staying at the Roland home, 731 East 9th street.

From Saturday's Daily.

Col. J. W. Davis has been appointed official auctioneer for the Red Cross.

Miss May Talley left this afternoon for her home in Lulu after visiting several days with Mrs. I. H. Henry.

Miss Ruth Mitchell who has been visiting friends in Oklahoma City for the past two weeks returned home this morning.

Mrs. A. B. Cameron, who has been the guest of Ada friends during commencement week of the normal, and whose daughter, Miss Margaret, was a member of the class of '18, left today for her home in Pittsburg, Okla.

Prof. I. H. Henry left today for Center where for the coming year he will be superintendent of schools. Mr. Henry is an earnest and enthusiastic worker along all lines of better farm conditions and will be a material aid to County Demonstrator Hill in his work.

County Demonstrator Hill reports crops of the entire county as looking fine, especially wheat. It is a source of much satisfaction to know that Pontotoc county will be found among the very best counties in the state in her food products, especially wheat.

Luther Harrison, departed yesterday afternoon for Mill Creek where last night he delivered the annual commencement address to the graduates of the high school. Prof. E. C. Hale, a graduate of the East Central State Normal, is at present superintendent of schools.

Prof. W. W. Jones of Union Valley came in today to enter the normal. He is already a graduate of the institution but continues to take advanced work each summer. Prof. Jones brought his wife and daughter with him and also two students from the Union Valley high school.

From Monday's Daily.

Alfred Summers of Maxwell left this morning on a business trip to Dallas.

J. G. Williams, editor of the Lamar Sun, is in the city on a visit to his brother, W. C. Williams.

W. D. Little returned Sunday afternoon from a trip to Chicago on business for the fuel administration.

Mrs. Guy Sweet of Wewoka, formerly Miss Alleyne Shands of Ada, is among the students enrolled for the summer term of the normal.

Miss Marie O. Beck, who was the guest of her uncle and aunt, Rev. and Mrs. Geo. W. Beck, left this afternoon for her home at Pittsburg, Penn.

Lieut. Virgil Riddle will leave this afternoon for Camp Pike and in a few days will go to Camp Perry, Sandusky, Ohio, where he will be stationed for a time.

Dr. and Mrs. A. C. Calvert, who were guests of Miles C. Grigsby and wife, returned to their home at Bokchito this morning.

Byron Norrell and wife returned Sunday evening from the meeting of the state press association at Medicine Park. Mrs. Norrell was elected one of the vice presidents of the association.

A wire to the local board states that Sam Scheinberg, who went to Washington a few days ago to enter army service, has been accepted for the coast artillery.

H. M. Shirley was up from Coalgate this morning attending court. Mr. Shirley was formerly county superintendent of Coal county and is now practicing law. He has always been a staunch friend of the Ada Normal.

Judge Morgan was up from Fitzhugh this afternoon on business matters. He reports a fine crop of small grain. Wheat that a short time ago looked to be worthless, is making a fine yield and the oat crop is one of the best.

Water consumers of Ada were delighted today by the arrival of Byrd's Mill water in the mains, thus putting an end to the long siege of muddy lake water that had to be supplied while the concrete flume was under construction.

N. T. McAllister, demonstration agent of the Frisco for eastern Oklahoma and Arkansas, reports fine prospects throughout his district. The oat crop is especially good and a considerable of wheat is being raised in the southeastern part of the state where it had not been planted before. Corn and cotton prospects are excellent.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Ed Cotton and Ben Manor of Maxwell were in the city on business this morning. Mr. Cotton met two of his children who were returning from school at Ardmore.

John McAteer and wife, parents of Mrs. J. M. Wintersmith, who have been here for sometime past, left today for their home at Louisville, Ky.

Ed Cotton of Maxwell is highly pleased with the crop prospects of that part of the county which he says are everything anyone could ask for.

Good progress is now being made on the pavilion of East Main street. The concrete base has been completed on two blocks and this part of the work will be completed in a few days of good weather.

J. U. Sellers, who lives in the western part of the county, reports fine crop prospects around his community. Not much wheat was planted, but oats are fine and cotton and corn look splendid.

Uniforms have been ordered for the home guards and in the near future this company will be able to put up a good appearance. Lieut. Arnett and Sergt. Stephens are excellent drill masters and are patiently working on the company trying to instill in them enough knowledge to recognize the difference between the order to port arms and order arms. Various

A Remarkable Summer Suit Display

Great choice of Fine Garments in Surprising Values.



You like the security of feeling well dressed. Good appearance is an asset that you can bank on; in a measure it's a real gauge of "man stuff." Most men, careful in clothes-buying, exercise good judgment in other affairs of lesser or greater importance. We're setting a great pace with our clothes this season; from every point of style and quality they're winners. Bought months ago at prices that discount today's by wide margins and sold at those levels, you get accrued profits.

All these Suits are made of fine materials; the best colorings; the newest weaves, the latest models. High grade clothes in every way.

\$5.50 to \$20

BOYS' SUITS

\$2.45 to \$12

Millinery

Big line of Sport Hats just arrived, also fine complete line of white hats.

Shaw's
DEPARTMENT STORE

S.M. SHAW, PROP.

PHONE 77

Established in 1902

ADA, OKLA.

degrees of progress are being made by the different individuals, but all are improving.

Mrs. Robert E. Olds of Tulsa has entered the Normal for the summer term. Mrs. Olds, who was formerly Miss Edna Fulton, was a student of East Central the year it opened. Mrs. Olds' husband has entered the army, so she is reviewing her work as primary teacher preparatory to taking up the work again during her husband's absence.

From Wednesday's Daily

Cass Hill is loading his household goods preparatory to moving to a farm near Frederick which he recently purchased.

J. S. Isaacs, the well known druggist of Tupelo, was a business visitor here this morning.

Mrs. Geo. Weeks and sister, Miss Ollie Jeter of Mathiston, Miss., have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Hodges for the past week.

They left this morning for their home.

Charley Stone writes that he has entered in good shape at Hoboken, N. J., and is now hard at work. He asks that his Ada friends write to him. His address is Repair Shop Unit 301, 64 Hudson St., Hoboken, N. J.

Y. Q. McCammon was up from the Horseshoe ranch this afternoon with a sample of corn more than six feet high and oats waist high. The ranch has 400 acres of the corn and 500 of oats. The big problem soon to confront the manager is getting hands to save the crop when harvest time arrives.

W. C. Snow an alumnus of East Central was a visitor at the normal today. Mr. Snow has been superintendent of school at Allen for several years past, but has recently accepted the principalship of one of the schools of Enid for next year. He will spend the summer doing special work at Chicago University.



Fine and Dainty Laces and Embroideries

The thrifty can buy many of the season's newest laces and embroideries here at small prices. Every woman will need plenty of these for Summer Dress Trimmings.

Camisole Laces, Van Dyke points with Ribbon beading tops at 20 and 25c Yard.

Flit edges and insertions, new lot from 1 1-2 to 3 1-2 inch wide, dainty effects at 10c, 15c and 25c yard.

Val Sets, Insertion and edges to match. Fine values, 5 and 10c Yd. Embroideries, a vast Assortment of dainty Patterns to select from at 5c, 10c and 25c Yard.

The Surprise Store

Established 1902

115-117 West Main St.

Phone 117

Notice to Bidders.

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of June, 1918, at the hour of 1:30 o'clock P. M., thereof, at the office of the County Clerk of Pontotoc County, in the City of Ada, Oklahoma, the Board of County Commissioners of said Pontotoc County, Oklahoma and Representatives of the State Highway Department, will open SEALED BIDS, then and there to be publicly opened, and let contract for the construction of ELEVEN HUNDRED SIXTY (1160) FEET OF OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS STANDARD, LOW, WATER BRIDGE, known as form L-2 and constructed under their STANDARD SPECIFICATION, form 19, over the SOUTH CANADIAN RIVER near BYNG, OKLAHOMA.

Each bidder will be required to deposit, with his bid, a certified check in the amount of TEN (10%) PER CENT of such bid, to be forfeited to the COUNTY OF PONTOTOC in case such bidder shall be awarded the contract and should fail to enter into contract for the construction of said BRIDGE within TEN (10) DAYS, or fail to give a sufficient BOND for the performance of such contract.

The Board of County Commissioners and the Representative of the State Highway Department reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of the County Clerk of Pontotoc County, in Ada, Oklahoma, the State Highway Department, at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, or in the office of Warren E. Moore, 1006 Oil Exchange Building, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma.

I. R. GILMORE, Chairman.
(SEAL)
Attest: MILTON GARNER, County Clerk.

5-29-3td-2tw

Old papers for sale at 5 cents per bundle at News Office.



TALC
ontee

25¢

To have developed a rare, wondrous odor, at a cost of thousands of dollars; and then to be able to sell it in a beautiful package of talcum at a price within every woman's means is the supreme achievement of the makers of Jontee, the New Odor of twenty-six Flowers. Try Talc Jontee today.

Gwin & Mays

Let a Want Ad get it for you.

Dispersion Sale

ENTIRE BREEDING HERD OF
ABERDEEN-ANGUS
OWNED BY F. H. WICKETT
ROFF, OKLAHOMA

Saturday, June 15, 1918

255 Head Cows, Calves, Heifers, Steers and Bulls
Write for full particulars—It's a great opportunity

Blue Valley Farms
ON MAIN LINE OF FRISCO

STATE PRESS MEETING AT MEDICINE PARK

The editor and wife have just returned from a very pleasant trip to Medicine Park where the state press association was in session Friday and Saturday at the spacious home of Oklahoma editors located there.

The visitors were taken to the park by the citizens in their cars and were given every attention and courtesy one could wish.

The meeting was not as largely attended as has sometimes been the case, owing partly to the fact that the Red Cross drive was on in most counties, and that many were so short of help that they could not get away from home and possibly in some cases the 3c rate which footed up no small item to that part of the state. However, those who were there enjoyed everything to the utmost and voted to return next year. Friday morning was devoted to business of the association, followed by an address of welcome by Elmer Thomas and a most eloquent response by John Goble, the philosopher and historian of the association. The afternoon was taken up with a drive to the artillery range and aviation field of Camp Doniphan.

A battery was practicing with shrapnel at a range of about two miles and when the kaiser's men get in front of these guns a little later, some of them will be made mighty sick at the stomach, for the boys are becoming highly proficient in handling these engines of warfare.

The aviation field attracted great attention and it was wonderful to watch a dozen or more machines flying in every quarter of the heavens. These boys will also be heard from when the opportunity comes, and it cannot come too soon to suit the boys we talked with.

Camp Doniphan is a marvel to sight. Mile after mile of buildings and tent, making a city of no small dimensions with something going on all the time. Raw recruits were being drilled at some points while others were busy at various things having to do with preparations to crush kaiserism. Many of the soldiers came to Medicine Park to spend a few hours in recreation and they are as fine a lot of boys as could be found anywhere. University men are numerous and a grand opera singer from Chicago and other good singers entertained the editors at the park Friday evening, while a regimental band gave a concert at the hotel and furnished music for a big dance.

Ben Tolbert was the only Ada boy we saw at the park, and he and others of his truck company coming in Saturday evening for a swim in the lake and to attend the dance. Like all the others, Ben is eager to get across the water and take a fling at the Huns.

It is a sad state of affairs to see so many fine young men, the flower

of American manhood, thus called from useful careers for an indefinite time because one man 4,000 miles away, has an insane ambition to become the ruler of the world and impose his will on the nations he would enslave. However, there can be no doubt of the final result for the kaiser has never had an army that surpassed the one the Americans are now putting into the field.

Getting back to the work of the association. Most of Saturday morning was taken up by address by Walter Ferguson of Cherokee and Glenn Condon of Tulsa, the first named on dealing with copperheads at home and Condon of the impressions gained from his recent visit to the trenches of France. These two young men are among the most brilliant of Oklahoma and they swayed their audience as few others could. Ferguson, declared that there should be but one party now, the American party, and that, although a Republican in times of peace, Woodrow Wilson has no stauncher supporter than himself. He told of some experiences with pro-Germans and how they were dealt with.

Mr. Ferguson was roundly criticized last year by the wheat farmers of this part of the state because of his stand in favor of the \$2.00 price put on wheat by the administration, but he states that the farmers are now convinced that they should accept the price without complaint as part of the work necessary to win the war, for all but a very few are intensely patriotic.

Condon is naturally an orator of ability and inspired by what he saw and learned on his recent trip to the battlefields, he speaks with a force that stirs his audiences. He has a voluminous vocabulary, but it is not sufficient to express his feelings against the Germans whose atrocities he learned first hand. After seeing thousands of soldiers of all nationalities, he pronounces the American soldier the best of the lot. He has a poor opinion of the individual German soldier who under long years of obeying orders lacks the initiative of the individual American in acting quickly in emergencies and holds back awaiting orders.

Gov. Williams was a visitor Saturday and on invitation of the association delivered a brief address at the conclusion of the last session.

The association elected John Anderson of Snyder, president for the coming year, J. W. Kayser of Chickasha, first vice president, R. M. Elam of Enid, second vice president, and Mrs. Byron Norrell of Ada, third vice president. E. S. Bronson of El Reno was for the twelfth time elected secretary-treasurer, a position he has filled with ability. When he was first elected the association was nearly \$100 in debt, but his last report showed more than \$2,000 on hand in the general and club house funds. It would be a difficult matter to find another man who would devote so much time to the work and the secretary must at all times be the backbone of the organization.

We missed several faces usually seen at the press meetings. Among

these may be mentioned Col. Sidney Suggs, John Easley, Rube Geers, George Evans, H. C. Fellows, Roy Stafford, Otis Weaver and others. Otis wired his regrets, but the Red Cross drive made it imperative that he remain at home.

Medicine Park is one of the state's most popular resorts. A company headed by Elmer Thomas has built and maintains a large hotel and numerous cottages and the guests are given excellent accommodations. Many individuals also have summer cottages in the park, and others camp in convenient spots. There is plenty of good fishing and bathing. Various amusements are provided, such as a dance hall, billiards, pool, bowling and tennis. All these are liberally patronized by the soldiers as well as civilians. Of course the editors have a home of their own where they can stop as long as they please and if they wish can do their own cooking in the kitchen of the home. This is said to be the only home of the kind in the United States. It cost about \$15,000 to build it and a large part of the credit belongs to John Shepler of Lawton and Secretary Bronson.

Germans Fear U. S. Flyers.

With the American Army in France, May 25 (delayed.)—The activities of the American air squadron in the sector northwest of Toul seem to have had results even more effective than anticipated. When it first began its work there were between thirty and fifty summonses to activity coming into our aviators daily. Gradually the number of calls has dwindled until for several days the average has been only two a day.

Records show the squadron has already taken a creditable toll of enemy planes. Moreover, according to information obtained from a German officer aviator brought down within the last few days, the fear of the American aviators has been instilled into the German flying corps.

PLENTY OF WHEAT TO LAST

UNTIL NEXT HARVEST

Washington, May 25.—Food Administration figures today show that on May 4 there were 45,000,000 bushels of wheat on farms and 37,000,000 bushels in elevators. About 23,000,000 bushels of wheat or its equivalent in flour is held by dealers. The allies have asked that during May, June and July 16,000,000 bushels a month be shipped. This will leave an approximate balance of 57,000,000 bushels to meet domestic requirements until the new harvest, which officials believe will be sufficient if the people continue to eat substitutes as at present.

Casualty List.

Washington, May 27.—Today's casualty list contained nineteen names divided as follows: Killed in action, nine; died of wounds, four; died of disease, one; wounded severely, two; missing in action, three.

Large, clean cotton rags wanted: 3c per pound. News office.

OKLAHOMA GIVES OVER TWO MILLION

Oklahoma City, May 28.—The second Red Cross war fund officially came to an end last night with a total of \$2,041,477.

This sum, however, does not represent all that has been done over the state, or that will be done this week. Reports will come in for several days more, and officials are of opinion that it may be a week before complete returns are available.

The drive is near enough completion, however, that L. E. Phillips, state manager, felt a word of praise and thanks was due the county managers and workers who helped put it over, and sent out letters to all of them last night.

"This has been a hard job," Phillips told the managers, "and I personally appreciate your efforts and compliment you on the results."

"While the results for Oklahoma are today incomplete," said Phillips yesterday, "I feel very sure that we shall have well over \$2,000,000 when the final count is made. Whatever we do, however, we shall not match the sacrifice our allies and soldiers have made, or that which the boys we are sending to the front must endure."

Sixty-five counties have now passed their quota, leaving twelve which have not yet reached it. Beaver, which had reported \$5,100 on Sunday, sent in a total of \$30,000 last night. Cleveland, with a quota of \$13,119, raised \$34,000. In Beaver county an American flag was sold for \$10,000.

Total Subscriptions \$144,000,000
Washington, May 28.—The American people answered Germany's renewal of the offensive on the western front today with an outpouring of more than thirty-two million dollars, swelling the American Red Cross second war fund to \$144,000,000.

Reports were still coming in from some distances at midnight and the final total of the drive which ended today will not be known until tomorrow.

ITALIAN PREMIER ADOPTS YOUTHFUL SOLDIER

Headquarters Italian Army, April 29.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press)—Premier Orlando and General Sani were passing along the front of the famous Arditi, or Italian storm troops, the other day, when the Premier signaled out in the ranks a small boy carrying a rifle. The Premier stopped and asked who this boy soldier could be, and General Sani related this story:

During the retreat last October, the twenty-first battalion of Arditi passed westward through the village of Ospitale in the province of Belluno. It was a stirring event for the village, and all the children were in the street to see the soldiers go

by, including a pale-faced boy of fifteen, Davide Marcello, a farm helper for his father. At the sight of the marching men the lad simply threw away his farm tools and joined in the wake of the troops, doing odd jobs for them and being received as a little brother.

But Davide had other ideas, he did not intend to be a privileged little brother but wanted to get in the ranks and be a combattant. He took part in several assaults and developed remarkable expert ability in throwing hand grenades. As a specialist he was in the very forefront of these famous fighters.

"I tried to give him a regular status in the ranks as a soldier," said General Sani, "but there has been difficulty in accomplishing it thus far."

"There will be no more difficulty," said the Premier, touched by the story of the boys courage and ability. "I ask you to retain him in the twenty-first Assault battalion, as from this moment I adopt the boy as one of my sons."

And the long line of seasoned veterans saw the Prime Minister of Italy step forward and put his hand

on the shoulder of the pale-faced boy.

"Davide," said the Premier, "you are now as one of my sons. I expect a letter from you every month. Your position in the ranks is secure and I will see to your future. Meanwhile fight for Italy and be brave."

And again the seasoned ranks stood at attention as the Prime Minister of Italy bent over, and in the presence of the whole battalion kissed the boy soldier on the forehead, and then passed along.

SPECIAL TO MY FRIENDS OF ADA AND OF OKLAHOMA

For those whom I have not been able to see during my visit home, I wish the best of success while we boys are doing our duty across the pond. May God take care and protect each of you for the sake of the boys already in France and those that will soon be there. From a boy who loves each of you and his country.

SERGEANT O. F. DAVIDSON,
314 Anx. Remount Depot, Dpt. Camp Beauguard, La.



A CHECKING ACCOUNT

Is not a hobby; it is good sound business sense for every household. Your check book shows where every penny goes and furnishes the

BEST possible RECEIPT

in the returned endorsed check. Besides, it helps you save money. Come in and let us explain.

RELIABILITY

ACCOMMODATION

First National Bank of Ada

STRENGTH

SERVICE

"Over the Top"

By An American Soldier

Who Went

ARTHUR GUY ENPEY

Machine Gunner Serving in France

CHAPTER XXII.

Punishments and Machine-Gun Stunts. Soon after my arrival in France; in fact, from my enlistment, I had found that in the British army discipline is very strict. One has to be very careful in order to stay on the narrow path of government virtue.

There are about seven million ways of breaking the king's regulations; to keep one you have to break another.

The worst punishment is death by a firing squad, or "up against the wall," as Tommy calls it.

This is for desertion, cowardice, mutiny, giving information to the enemy, looting, rape, robbing the dead, forcing a safeguard, striking a superior, etc.

Then comes the punishment of sixty-four days in the front-line trench without relief. During this time you have to engage in all raids, working parties in No Man's Land, and every hazardous undertaking that comes along. If you live through the sixty-four days you are indeed lucky.

This punishment is awarded where there is a doubt as to the willful guilt of a man who has committed an offense punishable by death.

Then comes the famous field punishment No. 1. Tommy has nicknamed it "crucifixion." It means that a man is spread-eagled on a limber, wheel, two hours a day for twenty-one days. During this time he only gets water, bully beef and biscuits for his chow. You get "crucified" for repeated minor offenses.

Next in order is field punishment No. 2.

This is confinement in the "clink," without blankets, getting water, bully beef and biscuits for rations and doing all the dirty work that can be found. This may be for twenty-four hours or twenty days, according to the gravity of the offense.

Then comes "pack drill" or defaulters' parade. This consists of drilling, mostly at the double, for two hours with full equipment. Tommy hates this, because it is hard work. Sometimes he fills his pack with straw to lighten it, and sometimes he gets caught. If he gets caught, he grouches at everything in general for twenty-one days, from the vantage point of a limber wheel.

Next comes "C. B." meaning "confined to barracks." This consists of staying in billets or barracks for twenty-four hours to seven days. You also get an occasional defaulters' parade and dirty jobs around the quarters.

The sergeant major keeps what is known as the crime sheet. When a man commits an offense, he is "crimed," that is, his name, number and offense is entered on the crime sheet. Next day at 9 a. m. he goes to the "orderly room" before the captain, who either punishes him with "C. B." or sends him before the O. C. (officer commanding battalion). The captain of the company can only award "C. B."

Tommy many a time has thanked the king for making that provision in his regulations.

To gain the title of a "smart soldier," Tommy has to keep clear of the crime sheet, and you have to be darned smart to do it.

I have been on it a few times, mostly for "Yank's impudence."

During our stay of two weeks in rest billets our captain put us through a course of machine-gun drills, trying out new stunts and theories.

After parades were over, our guns' crews got together and also tried out some theories of their own in reference to handling guns. These courses had nothing to do with the advancement of the war, consisted mostly of causing tricky jams in the gun, and then the rest of the crew would endeavor to locate as quickly as possible the cause of the stoppage. This amused them for a few days and then things came to a standstill.

One of the boys on my gun claimed that he could play a tune while the gun was actually firing, and demonstrated this fact one day on the target range. We were very enthusiastic and decided to become musicians.

After constant practice I became quite expert in the tune entitled "All Conductors Have Big Feet."

When I had mastered this tune, our two weeks' rest came to an end, and once again we went up the line and took over the sector in front of G—wood.

At this point the German trenches ran around the base of a hill, on the top of which was a dense wood. This wood was infested with machine guns, which used to traverse our lines at will, and sweep the streets of a little village, where we were billeted while in reserve.

There was one gun in particular which used to get our goats, it had the exact range of our "elephant" dugout entrance, and every morning, about the time rations were being brought up, its bullets would knock up the dust on the road; more than one Tommy went West or to Blighty by running into them.

This gun got our nerves on edge, and Fritz seemed to know it, because

he never gave us an hour's rest. Our reputation as machine gunners was at stake; we tried various ruses to locate and put this gun out of action, but each one proved to be a failure, and Fritz became a worse nuisance than ever. He was getting fresher and more careless every day, took all kinds of liberties with us—thought he was invincible.

Then one of our crew got a brilliant idea and we were all enthusiastic to put it to the test.

Here was his scheme:

When firing my gun, I was to play my tune, and Fritz, no doubt, would fall for it, try to imitate me as an added insult. This gunner and two others would try, by the sound, to locate Fritz and his gun. After having got the location, they would mount two machine guns in trees, in a little clump of woods to the left of our cemetery, and while Fritz was in the middle of his lesson, would open up and trust to luck. By our calculations, it would take at least a week to pull off the stunt.

If Fritz refused to swallow our bait, it would be impossible to locate his special gun, and that's the one we were after, because they all sound alike, a slow pup-pup-pup.

Our prestige was hanging by a thread. In the battalion we had to endure all kinds of insults and fresh remarks as to our ability in silencing Fritz. Even to the battalion that German gun was a sore spot.

Next day, Fritz opened up as usual. I let him fire away for a while and then butted in with my "pup-pup-pup-pup-pup-pup." I kept this up quite a while, used two belts of ammunition. Fritz had stopped firing to listen. Then he started in; sure enough, he had fallen for our game, his gun was trying to imitate mine, but, at first he made a horrible mess of that tune. Again I butted in with a few bars and stopped. Then he tried to copy what I had played. He was a good sport all right, because his bullets were going away over our heads, must have been firing into the air. I commenced to feel friendly toward him.

This duet went on for five days. Fritz was a good pupil and learned rapidly, in fact, got better than his teacher. I commenced to feel jealous. When he had completely mastered the tune, he started sweeping the road again and we clicked it worse than ever. But he signed his death warrant by doing so, because my friendship turned to hate. Every time he fired he played that tune and we danced.

The boys in the battalion gave us the "Ha! Ha!" They weren't in on our little frameup.

The originator of the ruse and the other two gunners had Fritz's location taped to the minute; they mounted their two guns, and also gave me the range. The next afternoon was set for the grand finale.

Our three guns, with different elevations, had their fire so arranged, that, opening up together, their bullets would suddenly drop on Fritz like a hailstorm.

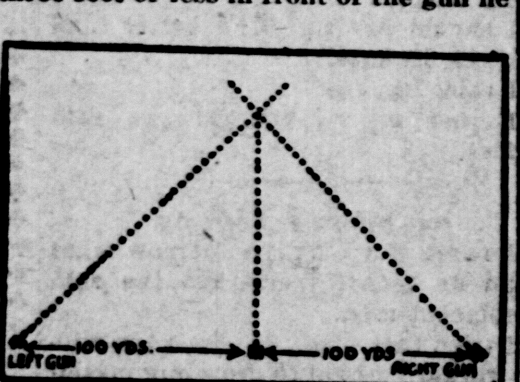
About three the next day, Fritz started "pup-pupping" that tune. I blew a sharp blast on a whistle, it was the signal agreed upon; we turned loose and Fritz's gun suddenly stopped in the middle of a bar. We had cooked his goose, and our ruse had worked. After firing two belts each, to make sure of our job, we hurriedly dismounted our guns and took cover in the dugout. We knew what to expect soon. We didn't have to wait long, three salvos of "whizz-bangs" came over from Fritz's artillery, a further confirmation that we had sent that musical machine-gunner on his Westward-bound journey.

That gun never bothered us again. We were the heroes of the battalion, our captain congratulated us, said it was a neat piece of work, and, consequently, we were all puffed up over the stunt.

There are several ways Tommy uses to disguise the location of his machine gun and get his range. Some of the most commonly used stunts are as follows:

At night, when he mounts his gun over the top of his trench and wants to get the range of Fritz's trench he adopts the method of what he terms "getting the sparks." This consists of firing bursts from his gun until the bullets hit the German barbed wire. He can tell when they are cutting the wire, because a bullet when it hits a wire throws out a blue electric spark. Machine-gun fire is very damaging to wire and causes many a wiring party to go out at night when it is quiet to repair the damage.

To disguise the flare of his gun at night when firing, Tommy uses what is called a flare protector. This is a stove-pipe arrangement which fits over the barrel casing of the gun and screens the sparks from the right and left, but not from the front. So Tommy, always resourceful, adopts this scheme: About three feet or less in front of the gun he



Showing How Fritz is Fooled.

drives two stakes into the ground, about five feet apart. Across these stakes he stretches a curtain made out of empty sandbags ripped open. He soaks this curtain in water and fires through it. The water prevents it catching fire and effectively screens the flare of the firing gun from the enemy.

Sound is a valuable asset in locating a machine gun, but Tommy surmounts this obstacle by placing two machine guns about one hundred to one hundred and fifty yards apart. The gun on the right to cover with its fire the sector of the left gun and the gun on the left to cover that of the right gun. This makes their fire cross; they are fired simultaneously.

By this method it sounds like one gun firing and gives the Germans the impression that the gun is firing from a point midway between the guns which are actually firing, and they accordingly shell that particular spot. The machine gunners chuckle and say, "Fritz is a brainy boy, not 'alf he ain't."

But the men in our lines at the spot being shelled curse Fritz for his ignorance and pass a few pert remarks down the line in reference to the machine gunners being "windy" and afraid to take their medicine.

CHAPTER XXIII.

Gas Attacks and Spies.

Three days after we had silenced Fritz, the Germans sent over gas. It did not catch us unawares, because the wind had been made to order, that is, it was blowing from the German trenches toward ours at the rate of about five miles per hour.

Warnings had been passed down the trench to keep a sharp lookout for gas.

We had a new man at the periscope, on this afternoon in question; I was sitting on the fire step, cleaning my rifle, when he called out to me:

"There's a sort of greenish, yellow cloud rolling along the ground out in front, it's coming—"

But I waited for no more, grabbing my bayonet, which was detached from the rifle, I gave the alarm by banging an empty shell case, which was hanging near the periscope. At the same instant, gongs started ringing down the trench, the signal for Tommy to don his respirator, or smoke helmet, as we call it.

Gas travels quickly, so you must not lose any time; you generally have about eighteen or twenty seconds in which to adjust your gas helmet.

A gas helmet is made of cloth, treated with chemicals. There are two windows, or glass eyes, in it, through which you can see. Inside there is a rubber-covered tube, which goes in the mouth. You breathe through your nose; the gas, passing through the cloth helmet, is neutralized by the action of the chemicals. The foul air is exhaled through the tube in the mouth, this tube being so constructed that it prevents the inhaling of the outside air or gas. One helmet is good for five hours of the strongest gas. Each Tommy carries two of them slung around his shoulder in a waterproof canvas bag. He must wear this bag at all times, even while sleeping. To change a defective helmet, you take out the new one, hold your breath, pull the old one off, placing the new one over your head, tucking in the loose ends under the collar of your tunic.

For a minute, pandemonium reigned in our trench—Tommy adjusting their helmets, bombers running here and there, and men turning out of the dugouts with fixed bayonets, to man the fire step.

Re-enforcements were pouring out of the communication trenches.

Our gun's crew were busy mounting the machine gun on the parapet and bringing up extra ammunition from the dugout.

German gas is heavier than air and soon fills the trenches and dugouts, where it has been known to lurk for two or three days, until the air is purified by means of large chemical sprayers.

We had to work quickly, as Fritz generally follows the gas with an infantry attack.

A company man on our right was too slow in getting on his helmet; he sank to the ground, clutching at his throat, and after a few spasmodic twistings went West (died). It was horrible to see him die, but we were powerless to help him. In the corner of a traverse, a little, muddy cur dog, one of the company's pets, was lying dead, with his paws over his nose.

It's the animals that suffer the most—the horses, mules, cattle, dogs, cats and rats—they having no helmets to save them. Tommy does not sympathize with rats in a gas attack.

At times gas has been known to travel, with dire results, fifteen miles behind the lines.

A gas, or smoke helmet, as it is called, at the best is a vile-smelling thing, and it is not long before one gets a violent headache from wearing it.

Our eighteen-pounders were bursting in No Man's Land, in an effort, by the artillery, to disperse the gas clouds.

The fire step was lined with crouching men, bayonets fixed, and bombs near at hand to repel the expected attack.

Our artillery had put a barrage of curtain fire on the German lines, to try and break up their attack and keep back re-enforcements.

I trained my machine gun on their trench and its bullets were raking the parapet.

Then over they came, bayonets glinting. In their respirators, which have a large snout in front, they looked like some horrible nightmare.

All along our trench, rifles and machine guns spoke, our shrapnel was bursting over their heads. They went down in heaps, but new ones took the places of the fallen. Nothing could stop that mad rush. The Germans reached our barbed wire, which had previously been demolished by their shells, then it was bomb against bomb, and the devil for all.

Suddenly my head seemed to burst from a loud "crack" in my ear. Then

my head began to swim, throat got dry, and a heavy pressure on the lungs warned me that my helmet was leaking. Turning by gun over to No. 2, I changed helmets.

The trench started to wind like a snake, and sandbags appeared to be floating in the air. The noise was horrible; I sank onto the fire step, needles seemed to be pricking my flesh, then blackness.

I was awakened by one of my mates removing my smoke helmet. How delicious that cool, fresh air felt in my lungs.

A strong wind had arisen and dispersed the gas.

They told me that I had been "out" for three hours; they thought I was dead.

The attack had been repulsed after a hard fight. Twice the Germans had gained a foothold in our trench, but had been driven out by counter-attacks. The trench was filled with their dead and ours. Through a periscope I counted eighteen dead Germans in our wire; they were a ghastly sight in their horrible-looking respirators.

I examined my first smoke helmet. A bullet had gone through it on the left side, just grazing my ear. The gas had penetrated through the hole made in the cloth.

Out of our crew of six we lost two killed and two wounded.

That night we buried all of the dead, excepting those in No Man's Land. In death there is not much distinction; friend and foe are treated alike.

After the wind had dispersed the gas the R. A. M. C. got busy with their chemical sprayers, spraying out the dugouts and low parts of the trenches to dissipate any fumes of the German gas which may have been lurking in same.

Two days after the gas attack I was sent to division headquarters, in answer to an order requesting that captains of units should detail a man whom they thought capable of passing an examination for the divisional intelligence department.

Before leaving for this assignment I went along the front-line trench saying good-bye to my mates and bidding them, telling them that I had



A Gas Helmet.

clicked a cushy job behind the lines, and how sorry I felt that they had to stay in the front line and argue out the war with Fritz. They were envious but still good-natured, and as I left the trench to go to the rear they shouted after me:

"Good luck, Yank, old boy; don't forget to send up a few fags to your old mates."

I promised to do this and left.

I reported at headquarters with sixteen others and passed the required examination. Out of the sixteen applicants four were selected.

I was highly elated because I was, I thought, in for a cushy job back at the base.

The next morning the four reported to division headquarters for instructions. Two of the men were sent to large towns in the rear of the lines with an easy job. When it came our turn the officer told us we were good men and had passed a very creditable examination.

My tin hat began to get too small for me, and I noted that the other man, Atwell by name, was sticking his chest out more than usual.

The officer continued: "I think I can use you two men to great advantage in the front line. Here are your orders and instructions, also the pass which gives you full authority as special M. P. detailed on intelligence work. Report at the front line according to your instructions. It is risky work and I wish you both the best of luck."

My heart dropped to zero and Atwell's face was a study. We saluted and left.

That wishing us the "best of luck" sounded very ominous in our ears; if he had said "I wish you both a swift and painless death" it would have been more to the point.

When we had read our instructions we knew we were in for it good and plenty.

What Atwell said is not fit for publication, but I strongly seconded his opinion of the war, army and divisional headquarters in general.

After a bit our spirits rose. We were full-fledged spy-catchers, because our instructions and orders, said so.

We immediately reported to the nearest French estaminet and had several glasses of muddy water, which they called beer. After drinking our beer we left the estaminet and hailed an empty ambulance.

After showing the driver our passes we got in. The driver was going to the part of the line where we had to report.

How the wounded ever survived a ride in that ambulance was inexplicable to me. It was worse than riding on a gun carriage over a rock road.

The driver of the ambulance was a corporal of the R. A. M. C., and he had the "wind up," that is, he had an aversion to being under fire.

I was riding on the seat with him while Atwell was sitting in the ambulance, with his legs hanging out of the back.

As we passed through a shell-decimated village a mounted military policeman stopped us and informed the driver to be very careful when we got out on the open road, as it was very dangerous, because the Germans lately had acquired the habit of shelling it. The corporal asked the trooper if there was any other way around, and was informed that there was not. Upon this he got very nervous and wanted to turn back, but we insisted that he proceed and explained to him that he would get into serious trouble with his commanding officer if he returned without orders; we wanted to ride, not walk.

From his conversation we learned that he had recently come from England with a draft and had never been under fire, hence his nervousness.

We convinced him that there was not much danger, and he appeared greatly relieved.

When we at last turned into the open road we were not so confident. On each side there had been a line of trees, but now, all that was left of them were torn and battered stumps. The fields on each side of the road were dotted with recent shell holes, and we passed several in the road itself. We had gone about half a mile when a shell came whistling through the air and burst in a field about three hundred yards to our right. Another soon followed this one and burst on the edge of the road about four hundred yards in front of us.

I told the driver to throw in his speed clutch, as we must be in sight of the Germans. I knew the signs; that battery was ranging for us, and the quicker we got out of its zone of fire the better. The driver was trembling like a leaf, and every minute I expected him to pile up in the ditch. I preferred the German fire.

In the back Atwell was holding onto the straps for dear life, and was singing at the top of his voice:

We beat you at the Marne,
We beat you at the Aisne,
We gave you hell at Neuve Chapelle,
And here we are again.

Just then we hit a small shell hole and nearly capsized. Upon a loud yell from the rear I looked behind, and there was Atwell sitting in the middle of the road, shaking his fist at us. His equipment, which he had taken off upon getting into the ambulance, was strung out on the ground, and his rifle was in the ditch.

I shouted to the driver to stop, and in his nervousness he put on the brakes. We nearly pitched out head-first. But the applying of those brakes saved our lives. The next instant there was a blinding flash and a deafening report. All that I remember is that I was flying through the air, and wondering if I would land in a soft spot. Then the lights went out.

When I came to, Atwell was pouring water on my head out of his bottle. On the other side of the road the corporal was sitting, rubbing a lump on his forehead with his left hand, while his right arm was bound up in a blood-soaked bandage. He was moaning very loudly. I had an awful headache and the skin on the left side of my face was full of gravel and the blood was trickling from my nose.

But that ambulance was turned over in the ditch and was perforated with holes from fragments of the shell. One of the front wheels was slowly revolving, so I could not have been "out" for a long period.

The shells were still screaming over head, but the battery had raised its fire and they were bursting in a little wood about half a mile from us.

Atwell spoke up. "I wish that officer hadn't wished us the best of luck." Then he commenced swearing. I couldn't help laughing, though my head was nigh to bursting.

Slowly rising to my feet I felt myself all over to make sure that there were no broken bones. But outside of a few bruises and scratches I was all right. The corporal was still moaning, but more from shock than pain. A shell splinter had gone through the flesh of his right forearm. Atwell and I, from our first-aid pouches, put a tourniquet on his arm to stop the bleeding and then gathered up our equipment.

We realized that we were in a dangerous spot. At any minute a shell might drop on the road and finish us off. The village we had left was not very far, so we told the corporal he had better go back to it and get his arm dressed, and then report the fact of the destruction of the ambulance to the military police. He was well able to walk, so he set off in the direction of the village, while Atwell and I continued our way on foot.

Without further mishap we arrived at our destination, and reported to brigade headquarters for rations and billets.

That night we slept in the battalion sergeant major's dugout. The next morning I went to a first-aid post and had the gravel picked out of my face.

The instructions we received from division headquarters read that we were out to catch spies, patrol trenches, search German dead, reconnoiter in No Man's Land, and take part in trench raids and prevent the robbing of the dead.

I had a pass which would allow me to go anywhere at any time in the sector of the line held by our division. It gave me authority to stop and search ambulances, motor lorries, wagons and even officers and soldiers, whenever my suspicions deemed it necessary. Atwell and I were allowed to work together or singly—it was left to our judgment. We decided to team up.

Atwell was a good companion and very entertaining. He had an utter contempt for danger, but was not foolhardy. At swearing he was a wonder. A cavalry regiment would have been proud of him. Though born in England, he had spent several years in New York. He was about six feet one, and as strong as an ox.

We took up our quarters in a large dugout of the royal engineers, and mapped out our future actions. This dugout was on the edge of a large cemetery, and several times at night in returning to it, we got many a fall stumbling over the graves of English, French and Germans. Atwell on these occasions never indulged in swearing, though at any other time, at the least stumble, he would turn the air blue.

A certain section of our trenches was held by the Royal Irish rifles. For several days a very strong rumor went the rounds that a German spy was in our midst. This spy was supposed to be dressed in the uniform of a British staff officer. Several stories had been told about an officer wearing a red band around his cap, who patrolled the front-line and communication trenches asking suspicious questions as to location of batteries, machine-gun emplacements, and trench mortars. If a shell dropped in a battery, on a machine gun or even near a dugout, this spy was blamed.

The rumor gained such strength that an order was issued for all troops to immediately place under arrest anyone answering to the description of the spy.

Atwell and I were on the qui vive. We constantly patrolled the trenches at night, and even in the day, but the spy always eluded us.

One day while in a communication trench, we were horrified to see our brigadier general, Old Pepper, being brought down by a big private of the Royal Irish rifles. The general was walking in front, and the private with fixed bayonet was following in the rear.

We saluted as the general passed us. The Irishman had a broad grin on his face and we could scarcely believe our eyes—the general was under arrest. After passing a few feet beyond us, the general turned, and said in a wrathful voice to Atwell:

"Tell this d—n fool who I am. He's arrested me as a spy."

Atwell was speechless. The sentry butted in with:

"None o' that gassin' out o' you. Back to headquarters you goes, Mr. Fritz. Open that face o' yours again, an' I'll den in your napper with the butt o' me rifle."

The general's face was a sight to behold. He was fairly boiling over with rage, but he shut up.

Atwell tried to get in front of the sentry to explain to him that it really was the general he had under arrest, but the sentry threatened to run his bayonet through him, and would have done it, too. So Atwell stepped aside, and remained silent. I was nearly bursting with suppressed laughter. One word, and I would have exploded. It is not exactly diplomatic to laugh at your general in such a predicament.

The sentry and his prisoner arrived at brigade headquarters with disastrous results to the sentry.

The joke was that the general had personally issued the order for the spy's arrest. It was a habit of the general to walk through the trenches on rounds of inspection, unattended by any of his staff. The Irishman, being new in the regiment, had never seen the general before, so when he came across him alone in a communication trench, he promptly put him under arrest. Brigadier generals wear a red band around their caps.

Next day we passed the Irishman tied to the wheel of a limber, the beginning of his sentence of twenty-one days, field punishment No. 1. Never before have I seen such a woebegone expression on a man's face.

For several days, Atwell and I made ourselves scarce around brigade headquarters. We did not want to meet the general.

The spy was never caught.

(To be Continued)

Bond Issue Carried.

The \$10,000 bond issue for the improvement of the waterworks system in Stonewall, which was voted on last Friday carried by a vote of 47 for the proposition and 22 against.

An emergency pump will be installed at the pump station, the standpipe will be raised, new water mains will be placed in the new addition and other improvements will be made it is understood.—Stonewall News.

Congratulations
St. Louis, Mo., May 22, 1918
J. M. Wintersmith, Ada, Okla.:
I am never too busy to read
such a magnificent report as
outlined in your letter of the
twentieth. I want to heartily
congratulate and thank in the
name of the Red Cross all the
people of Pontotoc county. Your
work has been an inspiration
to the entire division. Keep it
up.
J. L. JOHNSTON,
Chairman Second War Fund
Campaign.

Red Cross Sale.

There will be sold at auction corner of M. & P. National Bank, Ada, Okla., at 2:30 P. M., June 1st, the following:

One registered Duroc Jersey pig, pedigree furnished. Donated by Tom Hill.

One Registered Duroc Jersey pig, pedigree furnished. Donated by L. E. Huthinson.

Other articles will be sold. Entire proceeds to Red Cross.
J. M. WINTERSMITH,
5-28-18td&w Chairman.

Farming and Clothing and Specializing



A man can't know farming unless at some time and for a long time, he makes a business of farming; can he? A man can't know clothing well enough to sell it conscientiously, without similar experience.

We are clothing merchants and nothing else. We don't claim to know anything but clothing, but we know that well. And our experience proves that

Kuppenheimer Clothes

provide the greatest value you can buy anywhere this season. \$25 to \$40. See the display this week.

Air-O-Weaves are ready for warm days. \$10.00 to \$25.00.

THE Model CLOTHIERS
QUALITY STORE

The largest distributors of Men's and Boys Wearing Apparel in East Central Oklahoma

R. R. DEVELOPMENT IN THE ORIENT

Washington, May 29.—West and East are meeting daily in the Orient, where American-built locomotives connect at Kalgan on the border of Mongolia with caravans from the far interior of Asia.

Steel rails have broken the artificial boundary of the Great Wall of China, which remains only a relic of the past, while long trains go puffing through a tunnel underneath, bearing to the sea priceless furs, rugs, wool and turquoise, and to the interior the manufactured products of the United States and other foreign nations.

The story of railroad development in the Orient and the possibilities open there to American enterprise are set forth in a series of reports to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce by Frank Rhea, formerly connected with the Pennsylvania Railroad and the General Electric Company, who recently returned from a tour as special agent through China, Japan, the Philippines, New Zealand and Australia.

In all China there are only 6,500 miles of railroad, of which 3,800 miles are Chinese government lines. Most of the railroad development has been in north and central China. All except one of the government lines are American type, of the standard four feet, eight and one-half inch gauge, and on the line to Kalgan, which pierces farther into the interior than any other, 60 of the 66 locomotives are American-made. Giant Mallet compound engines, each with a tractive effort of 88,000 pounds, parallel the great wall to Ching-Lung-Chiao, then pass beneath it until they meet the east-bound caravans of camels, gaily caparisoned Mongol horses and the queer camel-drawn carts of Mongolia at Kalgan which is one of the strangest and greatest markets of the world.

Japan has about 6,000 miles of railroad, which cost \$90,000 a mile to build through the steep mountains Nippon. All of it is government owned and organized on a military basis, like the German roads, each employee having distinct rank and being responsible to his superiors like a soldier. Many electric lines are being built in Japan. Locomotives and electrical equipment have been purchased from the United States, but freight and passenger cars have been bought largely in England or built at home, because the roads are of three feet, six inch gauge. The Japanese government is considering widening the railroads to standard gauge as a military measure, at a cost equal to the original construction.

In the Philippines, American equipment has been used except on the island of Luzon, where the railroads were built by British capital. All the roads are organized on the English system. In the hill country of the islands, where official society spends the hot season, American motor busses are used.

Australia and New Zealand have

followed their mother country in building railroads. A peculiar feature of the Australian road is that in the total of 24,000 miles, there are three different gauges and in only one instance do any two states have connecting lines of the same gauge. A traveler from Brisbane to Perth must change cars eight times.

The disadvantage of different track widths in the Orient was strikingly illustrated when there was talk of Japan undertaking operations against the Germans in Russia. In discussing plans it was brought out that the railroad from Port Arthur and Dairen, which the Japanese forces probably would use to reach Chang Chun, the connecting point with the trans-continental line, is five feet three inches wide. Trains cannot be transferred from one line to the other and in any operations there would be much loss of time in unloading and loading equipment.

Great difficulty also was experienced in adapting for American use locomotives manufactured in this country for shipment to the Russians at Vladivostok, but which were held here when peace was concluded with Germany.

America's best opportunities for the sale of railroad and electrical equipment in the Orient were found by Mr. Rhea to be in China, which has less equipment per mile of railroad than any other nation in the world. The Chinese roads earn about \$15,000 gold per mile, as much as the American roads, which they are enabled to do through greater efficiency in handling their meagre amount of rolling stock. The cycle of use of freight cars is about six days, as compared with 15 days in America. Demurrage is fixed at \$10 for every 12 hours of daylight, so there is no delay in unloading. Japan in the future probably will be more of a competitor than a customer of the United States, owing to the tremendous industrial expansion in progress there. Much of their raw material still will be purchased from the United States, but an even greater amount will be obtained in China, Korea and Manchuria, where Japanese capital is developing rich coal and iron deposits. Abundant and cheap coolie labor is available. Extension of railroads in the Philippines will be limited by the small size of the islands, compared with other countries. England probably will continue to supply her eastern colonies with the bulk of their railroad purchases.

Sturdevant-McCulloh.

Miss Anna McCulloh of Stratford, Okla., and Mr. Paul Sturdevant of Vanoss, Okla., were married in the study of Rev. Arthur Gray Jones, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of San Antonio, Tex., Sunday evening, May 26.

Mr. Sturdevant was a prosperous ranchman of Oklahoma before entering the war.

Miss McCulloh is a student in East Central State normal and has been elected as third grade teacher in Willard building for next year.

Your liberality in buying War Savings Stamps indicate that you are helping the boys "over there" on to Berlin.

VOLUNTEERS WANTED FOR REGISTRATION

The work of registering the new men for army service June 5 will probably be rather heavy for the county board and Mr. Riley requests that all who had experience in the registration of last year who can do so report to the board any time this week if they can give their assistance in this registration. No compensation has been provided, but the board will need the help very badly.

TYROLA PICK UPS.

Crops are looking fine and everybody busy.

Tyrola school closed Friday afternoon with a nice program.

Mrs. Sadie Foster and little sister reached this place Friday.

Mr. D. L. Myers' baby has been on the sick list but is improving now.

Mrs. Sadie Foster visited the school at this place Friday afternoon.

Mr. Pharr and son Clifford went to Ada Saturday and also Jim Bevel.

Miss Ianna Russell visited Miss Elizabeth Bevel Saturday.

There was singing at Mrs. Russell's Sunday night.

Every man in this district contributed to the Red Cross and we think we have a fine bunch of patriotic people.

Dipping cattle was the order Thursday.

Mr. Jink Penrod is visiting his wife and parents at this place from the training camps at Fort Worth, Texas.

Sunday school is progressing nicely.

Born to Jink Penrod and wife, Saturday, a fine baby boy.

Mrs. Tannar reached home Saturday afternoon from a visit to relatives at Dexter, Tex.

Miss Sallie McCormick of Dexter, Tex., is visiting Miss Tannar at this place.

Mrs. Tannar, Sallie McCormick and Elizabeth Bevel visited Mrs. Besie Chandler Sunday.

Mr. Clifford Pharr went to Colbert Sunday.

Everybody boost the Sunday school.

Come on Knox with your news.

D. L. P.

Student Engineers to Camp.

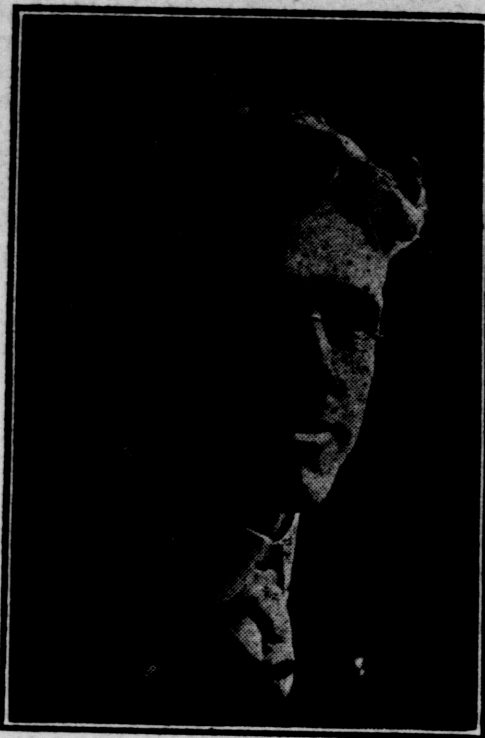
Norman, Okla., May 29.—(Special)—Six members of the senior class of the University of Oklahoma have been recommended for places in the fourth officers' training camp for engineers at Fort Lee, Va. The war department asked Dean J. H. Felgar to make the recommendations. The men who will enter the camp are R. V. James, Oklahoma City, Thomas Graham, Anadarko, George Dolph, Guthrie, Calvin Hughes, Lone Wolf, Edward Reeves, Gould, and Paul Stockwell, Oklahoma City.

First section, single township and township plats on sale at News office

PONTOTOC CO. S. S. CONVENTION

TO BE HELD AT ADA NORMAL AUDITORIUM JUNE 3 AND 4.

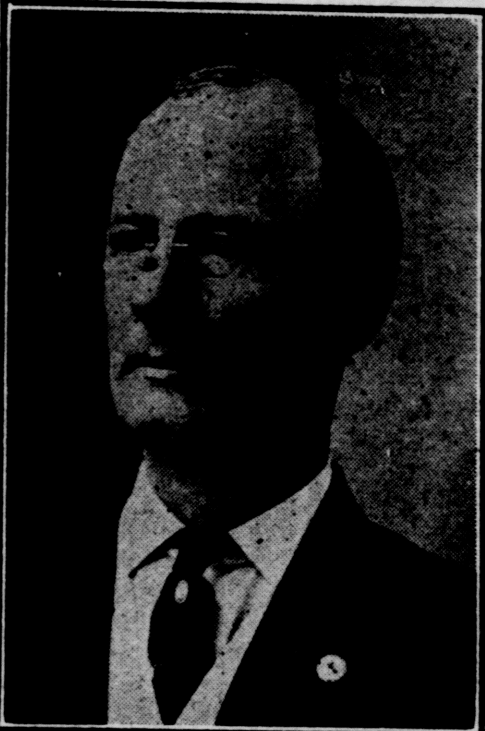
The Pontotoc County Sunday School Convention will be held at East Central Normal school beginning at 2:30 Monday afternoon, June 3, and closing at noon Tuesday, June 4. The Rev. I. Frank Roach, pastor of the First Methodist church of



Rev. I. Frank Roach

Oklahoma City, will be the principal speaker. The people who know Dr. Roach and have heard him speak realize that there is perhaps no man in Oklahoma who is more enthusiastic and wide-awake in church work and patriotism. State Secretary C. H. Nichols will be with us throughout the convention. Presiding Elder R. T. Blackburn will also take part in the meeting.

One of the important features of the convention will be a luncheon held in the gymnasium of the Normal school for Sunday school workers. Dr. Roach will speak at this time.



Rev. C. H. Nichols

The price of luncheon will be fifty cents. Workers who plan to attend the luncheon should send their names at once to Mrs. M. L. Perkins, Ada, secretary of the association.

When it is realized that there will be something like eight hundred students in the Normal school—at least two hundred fifty of whom are residents of Pontotoc County—some idea can be had of the importance of the convention at this time. It is sincerely hoped that a large delegation may be present from the Sunday schools of Pontotoc county. Delegates will be entertained free in the homes of Ada. Let these also send their names immediately to Mrs. Perkins.

PROGRAM.

Monday afternoon, June 3rd.
2:30—Song service.
2:45—Song and benediction.
2:55—Devotional.
3:00—Special music.
3:05—Message by our county president, J. M. Gordon, Ada.

3:20—"The Teacher's Opportunity," by Dr. I. Frank Roach, Pastor First M. E. church, Oklahoma City.

4:00—Song.
4:05—Round Table, "Sunday School Problems," led by C. H. Nichols, General Secretary, Oklahoma City.

(Each speaker limited to three minutes.)
4:40—Appointment of committees
4:45—Song and benediction.

Monday night, June 3rd.
8:30—Song service.
8:45—Devotional.
8:55—Special music.

9:00—"Making Democracy Safe for the World," by Dr. I. Frank Roach, Oklahoma City.

9:40—Song and benediction.
Tuesday morning, June 4th.

9:00—Devotional.
9:15—Report of committees and election of officers.

9:25—Discussion—General Conference on Secondary and Elementary Divisions, led by Rev. R. T. Blackburn, presiding elder, McAlester district, M. E. Church South; assisted by Mrs. R. E. Haynes, Pontotoc County Elementary Superintendent; Mrs. M. L. Perkins, Pontotoc County Secretary; and C. H. Nichols, General Secretary.

11:00—Closing song and benediction.

Out of town delegates entertained in Christian homes free.

J. M. GORDON, Pres., Ada.
Mrs. M. L. Perkins, Sec'y., Ada.

A War Savings Society is a War Club and is as essential for the promulgation of thrift and savings as the old-fashioned war club was for the savage.

Adrift with Humor



Canine Wisdom.

"Will your dog bite?" asked the barnstorming comedian.
"No," replied the village innkeeper, "he won't bite people."
Just then the self-confessed actor let out a howl as the canine got a strangle hold on his leg.
"But," continued the landlord, "he'll bite a ham any old day."

Close Accountant.

"How much is beefsteak a pound?" asked the map with the hurried manner.

The meat merchant told him and added, "how many pounds will you have?"

"I don't want any. I wanted to ascertain how much I am saving by eating scrapple."

Ahead of His Resources.

"My boy Josh is actin' right superior these days," said Farmer Corntosel.

"Well, you know he's acquirin' a wonderful education."

"Yes. But he ain't got it yet. I ain't goin' to encourage him to run in debt even fur his own opinion of his self."

Self-Complacency.

"A man should pause every now and then and take stock of himself," said the genial philosopher.

"That is all right for a modest man," replied the student of human nature, "but rather a bad plan for the sort of fellow who rates himself a little higher every time he does it."

Various Demands.

"Money won't always buy happiness," said the readymade philosopher.

"No," replied the pensive citizen. "There are times when you're obliged to quit spending it for happiness and set some of it by for arms and ammunition."

WHERE EVIL CAME IN.



"How did the poker game come out at your girl's house?"

"I was nearly killed. I held four aces while the old man held a pair of nines. He won."

"Why, how's that?"

"He had them on his feet."

Facing the Worst.

The pessimist deserves a song. Though all his hopes are undimmed; If he can laugh when things go wrong And not be sorry or surprised.

Domestic Dilemma.

"Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "would you enlist if your country called you?"

"I don't know what to say. If I answer 'No,' you'll say I don't love my country, and if I answer 'Yes' you'll say I don't like to stay at home."

Confused.

"Do you admire Raphael?" said the young woman.

"I should say so. He's better than Sherlock Holmes."

"I said 'Raphael'."

"Excuse me. I thought you said 'Raphael'."

No Reliable Formula.

"I never put off till tomorrow what I can do today," remarked the self-complacent man.

"I tried that plan," rejoined the willing worker. "I got to crowding myself till I had to put in nights doing over what I had done badly the day before."

Easier.

"Don't you want to be a leader of the people?"

"It's hard work to be a real leader," commented Senator Sorghum. "It's usually easier to get along by jollying the crowd."

We Do More Than Simply Sell You Shoes—

WE really try to study your feet—to give you the very best shoes for your own particular needs.

And each year we become more and more convinced that the very best shoes for summer-wear are Keds—the perfected, rubber-soled canvas shoes that are so acceptable for work, and dress and play.

We have many styles of Keds for all members of the family and they are not at all expensive.

MOSER'S Dept. Store



NOW IN CHICKASHA, OKLA. FOR A LIMITED TIME

PILES SUCCESSFULLY TREATED WITHOUT SURGICAL OPERATION

The Pennington Cure for Piles

Painless Astringent Method

We Give a Legal Contract to Refund

Fee if We Fail to Perfect a Cure

The very highest references we

have to offer are the testimonials of

many hundreds of patients throughout

Oklahoma and Southwest who

have come to us during the past four

years. Many of these patients had

been suffering for years and years

from Piles and various forms of rectal

diseases, and had given up all

hope of recovery. Our method of

treating piles does not necessitate

the patient's going to bed, neither

will it detain him from business or

pleasure. We use no knife or dangerous

injections and the treatment is

practically painless. We have cured

some of the most reliable and best

known citizens of Ada and Chick-

asha. We will give them as reference.

We invite you to call for a consultation

if you are suffering from any form of

rectal disease. No charge for examination.

DRS. GORDON & GERARD

Rectal Specialists

Minnehah, Oklahoma.

Office: Room 205 Tye Bldg.

Phone 26.

Office Hours 9:40 to 6. Sundays by

Appointment.

CONTINGENT OFF FOR CAMP BOWIE

Saturday afternoon about 80 young men left for Camp Bowie where they will take their turn at military training. The personnel was about the same as the list appearing last week.

FRANCIS.

The business men of Francis have raised a flag over the band stand and the railroad men one upon a long staff down on the railroad yards.

There is now being organized a home guard company and they will begin drilling this evening. All classes of our men are falling into ranks readily. We have a number of old men that are on the shady side of 60 that would take the gun if the government could use them.

The Frisco has a crew of men at work taking up the old crossing across their road at Main street and putting in new timbers and concrete.

The pool hall here has been closed up by order of the District Court and where the boys will go to now to flip the pasteboard is a hard question to solve.

The light gentle rain that we got the first of the week has put the ground in fine shape to cultivate and has been of great benefit to the growing crops.

Everything in the vegetable line never appeared better and we will have all we need to eat.

J. M. WINTERSMITH SUCCEEDS

R. W. SIMPSON IN RED CROSS

At a meeting of the Red Cross

chapter of Pontotoc county R. W.

Simpson tendered his resignation as

chairman and J. M. Wintersmith,

manager of the recent campaign, was

elected to succeed him. Besides the

Red Cross work Mr. Simpson has had

the Liberty Loan bond sale to look

after and resigned in order that he

may give this his entire attention.

Red Cross List Next Week

The News had hoped to give a

complete list of Red Cross dona-

tions by Pontotoc county school

districts this week, but failed

to procure it. It will appear

next week, in time for the

record made by the various com-

munities was one that the pub-

lic should know about.

Pie Supper.

The ladies of Homer and vicinity will give a pie supper at the Homer school house June 7. The proceeds to be given to the Red Cross. There will be some good speakers present. All are invited to come. 5-30-17*

Strayed.

One brown horse, about 15 hands, branded "P" on left shoulder. \$10 reward for recovery of horse.—E. C. Hunter, Ada, Okla. 5-30-17*